



Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

2016 **Comprehensive**
Annual Financial Report

KCERA

KERN COUNTY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION
A defined benefit public pension plan in Kern County, California

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

Issued by

Gloria Dominguez, Executive Director
Sheryl Lawrence, Financial Officer

Edited and Designed by

Josiah Vencel, Communications Officer



KERN COUNTY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION

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SECTION I

Introduction



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November 28, 2016

Kern County Employees' Retirement Association
Board of Retirement
11125 River Run Boulevard
Bakersfield, CA 93311

Dear Board Members:

As Executive Director of the Kern County Employees' Retirement Association (KCERA), I am pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015. This Letter of Transmittal is presented as a narrative introduction, overview and analysis in conjunction with the Management's Discussion and Analysis included in the Financial Section of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.



KCERA is a public employee retirement system that was established on January 1, 1945 by the County of Kern. The KCERA Plan provides retirement, disability, death, beneficiary, cost-of-living and supplemental retirement benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, KCERA had 9,527 active and deferred-vested members and paid retirement benefits to 7,824 retirees and their beneficiaries.

KCERA AND ITS SERVICES

KCERA was established on January 1, 1945 to provide retirement allowances and other benefits to all permanent general and safety employees of the County of Kern and of participating special districts. As of June 30, 2016, thirteen districts participated in the retirement plan: Berrenda Mesa Water District, Buttonwillow Recreation and Park District, East Kern Cemetery District, Inyokern Community Services District, Kern County Water Agency, Kern Mosquito and Vector Control District, North of the River Sanitation District, San Joaquin Valley Unified Air Pollution Control District, Shafter Recreation and Park District, West Side Cemetery District, West Side Mosquito and Vector Control District, West Side Recreation and Park District, and the Kern County Superior Court.

The Plan is administered by the Kern County Board of Retirement (Board), which consists of nine members and two alternate members. The Board is responsible for establishing policies governing the administration of the retirement plan, determining benefit allowances, and managing the investments of KCERA's assets. The Board oversees the Executive Director and the KCERA staff in the performance of their duties in accordance with the County Employees' Retirement Law of 1937 and the bylaws, procedures and policies adopted by the KCERA Board.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

One Trustee Elected, Three Appointed to Board

An election was held in November 2015 to fill two Board of Retirement seats with terms expiring on December 31, 2015. Rick Kratt (Fire Dept.) was elected to the Seventh Member seat by safety members. Thad Kennedy (Probation Dept.) was appointed to the Seventh Member Alternate seat in lieu of an election because no other safety candidates filed. Supervisor David Couch was reappointed by the Board of Supervisors to fill the Fourth Member seat. The Board of Supervisors also appointed Lauren Skidmore to fill the vacant Sixth Member seat in March 2016. The four trustees' terms expire at the end of 2018.

Member Folders Digital Conversion Project

In December 2015, KCERA completed a back-file conversion project that involved the conversion of more than 17,000 member folders into digital images. For nearly a year, KCERA staff reviewed and "cleaned up" every folder before being scanned by San Jose-based FNTI. The folder contents were converted to text-searchable images that staff can now access via its pension administration system, CPAS.

Microfiche Digital Conversion Project

Continuing its back-file conversion initiative, KCERA hired BMI Imaging Service, Inc., to convert 6,800 microfiche slides into digital images. The slides contained members' payroll and retirement contribution records from 1979 to 2000. The conversion was completed in March 2016, allowing KCERA staff to search the images online by index value.

Plan Sponsor Membership Application

At its May 4, 2016 meeting, the Board of Retirement approved the Kern County Hospital Authority's application for membership in KCERA. The Hospital Authority—formerly known as Kern Medical Center and run by the County of Kern—will become KCERA's fifteenth plan sponsor as of July 1, 2016, with nearly 1,500 members.

Assistant Executive Director Recruitment

In the spring of 2016, the Board of Retirement hired a recruiter to fill a year-long vacancy in KCERA's assistant executive director (AED) position. The nationwide recruitment was completed in July 2016. The newly hired AED will assist the executive director in the administration and supervision of KCERA operations and staff while providing support to the Board of Retirement.

Member Web Portal

KCERA has tapped its pension administration software provider, CPAS Systems, Inc., to develop a member web portal to improve members' access to their retirement account information. The Member Portal, which will be accessible via the KCERA website, has undergone initial configuration and is currently in the user-testing phase. KCERA anticipates launching the Member Portal in early 2017 following additional rounds of configuration, user testing and security testing.

FUNDING

KCERA's funding objective is to meet long-term benefit obligations through level contributions to the Plan and the accrual and compounding of investment income. As of June 30, 2015, the funded ratio of the Plan was 62.4% using actuarial assets and actuarial liabilities of \$3,529,786,000 and \$5,657,173,000, respectively. The funded percentage increased approximately 1.6% from June 30, 2014 due primarily to lower-than-expected salary and cost-of-living increases.

Pursuant to provisions in the County Employees' Retirement Law of 1937, KCERA engages an independent actuarial consulting firm, Segal Consulting, to conduct annual actuarial valuations. Every three years, an experience study is performed to review all economic and non-economic assumptions. The economic and non-economic assumptions are updated at the time each triennial valuation is performed. Triennial valuations serve as the basis for changes in member and employer contribution rates necessary to properly fund the Plan. The last triennial analysis was performed as of June 30, 2013.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal years June 30, 2016 and 2015 was prepared by KCERA's management, which is responsible for the accuracy, completeness, fair presentation of information and all disclosures in this report. The report has been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

KCERA maintains an internal control system to provide reasonable assurance that assets are properly safeguarded from loss, theft, or misuse, and the fair presentation of the financial statements and supporting schedules. Further, it should be recognized there are inherent limitations in the effectiveness of any system of internal controls due to changes in conditions. Moreover, the concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits to be derived. The Board of Retirement has established a finance committee for oversight of the financial reporting process and to review the scope and results of independent audits. The independent auditors have unrestricted access to the finance committee to discuss their related findings as to the integrity of the financial reporting and adequacy of internal controls.

KCERA's external auditor, CliftonLarsonAllen, LLP, has conducted an audit of the basic financial statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, performing such tests and other procedures as they deem necessary to express an opinion in their report to the Board of Retirement. The financial audit ensures that KCERA's financial statements are presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and are free of material misstatements. Their opinion is that KCERA's financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the Fiduciary Net Position of KCERA as of June 30, 2016 and 2015 and its Fiduciary Changes in Net Position for the years then-ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

INVESTMENTS

The Board of Retirement has exclusive control of all investments of KCERA and is responsible for establishing investment policies, objectives and strategies. The Board is authorized to invest in any form or type of investment deemed “prudent” in the informed opinion of the Board. The members of the Board serve as fiduciaries for the members and beneficiaries of the retirement association and are held to a high standard of care in all transactions.

The Board operates under a standard of care in California commonly known as the “prudent person” rule, which allows the Board to invest or delegate the authority to invest the assets of the Plan when prudent in the informed opinion of the Board. In addition, the rule requires the Board to diversify the investments of the Plan, unless it is clearly prudent not to do so under the circumstances. The Board therefore makes basic policy decisions with respect to the Plan, including, but not limited to, the allocation of assets to various investment classes. The Board delegates much discretion to professional investment advisors to execute investment policy subject only to policy and guidelines provided by the Board.

KCERA’s assets are managed exclusively by external, professional investment managers. The KCERA staff monitors the activity of these managers and assists the Board with the development and implementation of investment policies and long-term investment strategies. These policies and guidelines are outlined in KCERA’s Investment Policy Statement, which states the investment philosophy, investment guidelines, performance objectives and asset allocation of the Plan. The Board employs the services of independent investment consultants Verus Investments and Albourne America to assist the Board in formulating policies, setting goals and manager guidelines, and selecting and monitoring the performance of the money managers.

For fiscal year 2016, the investments of the Plan returned -0.5%* (net of fees). KCERA’s annualized rate of return, net of fees, was 5.4% in the past three years, 5.5% in the past five years, and 4.3% in the past ten years. The investment expenses of the fund are linked to the performance of the investment portfolio and other factors and therefore vary year to year.

PROFESSIONAL SERVICES

The Board retains professional consultants and investment managers to provide professional services essential to the effective and efficient operation of KCERA.

Opinions from the certified public accountant and the actuary for the Plan are included in this report. The consultants and investment managers retained by the Board are listed on page 70 of this report.

CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to KCERA for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing excellence in the preparation of state and local government financial reports.

** References in this document to KCERA’s investment rate of return assume a time-weighted rate of return unless otherwise specified as a money-weighted rate of return, per GASB 67 guidelines.*

In order to be awarded the Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and well-organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable legal requirements.

The Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we will again submit it to the GFOA for appraisal.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The compilation of this report reflects the combined effort of the KCERA staff. This report is intended to provide complete information as a basis for management decisions, as a means for establishing compliance with legal requirements, and as a means for determining the responsible stewardship of the KCERA fund.

I wish to take this opportunity to thank the members of KCERA for their confidence in KCERA and to express my gratitude to the Board of Retirement for your support of the KCERA administration and the best interests of the beneficiaries of the Plan throughout the fiscal year. I also wish to thank the consultants and staff for their continued commitment to KCERA and their diligent work to ensure the successful administration of the Plan.

Respectfully submitted,



Gloria M. Dominguez
Executive Director





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

**Kern County
Employees' Retirement Association
California**

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2015

Executive Director/CEO



Members of the Board of Retirement

As of June 30, 2016



Phil Franey (Chairman)
Elected by Retired Members
Present term expires 12/31/2016



Dustin Dodgin (Vice-Chairman)
Appointed by Board of Supervisors
Present term expires 12/31/2016



David Couch
Appointed by Board of Supervisors
Present term expires 12/31/2018



Bob Jefferson
Elected by General Members
Present term expires 12/31/2016



Jordan Kaufman
County Treasurer-Tax Collector
Ex-Officio Member



Rick Kratt
Elected by Safety Members
Present term expires 12/31/2018



Lauren Skidmore
Appointed by Board of Supervisors
Present term expires 12/31/2018



Michael Turnipseed
Appointed by Board of Supervisors
Present term expires 12/31/2016



Susan Wells
Elected by General Members
Present term expires 12/31/2018



John DeMario (Alternate)
Elected by Retired Members
Present term expires 12/31/2016

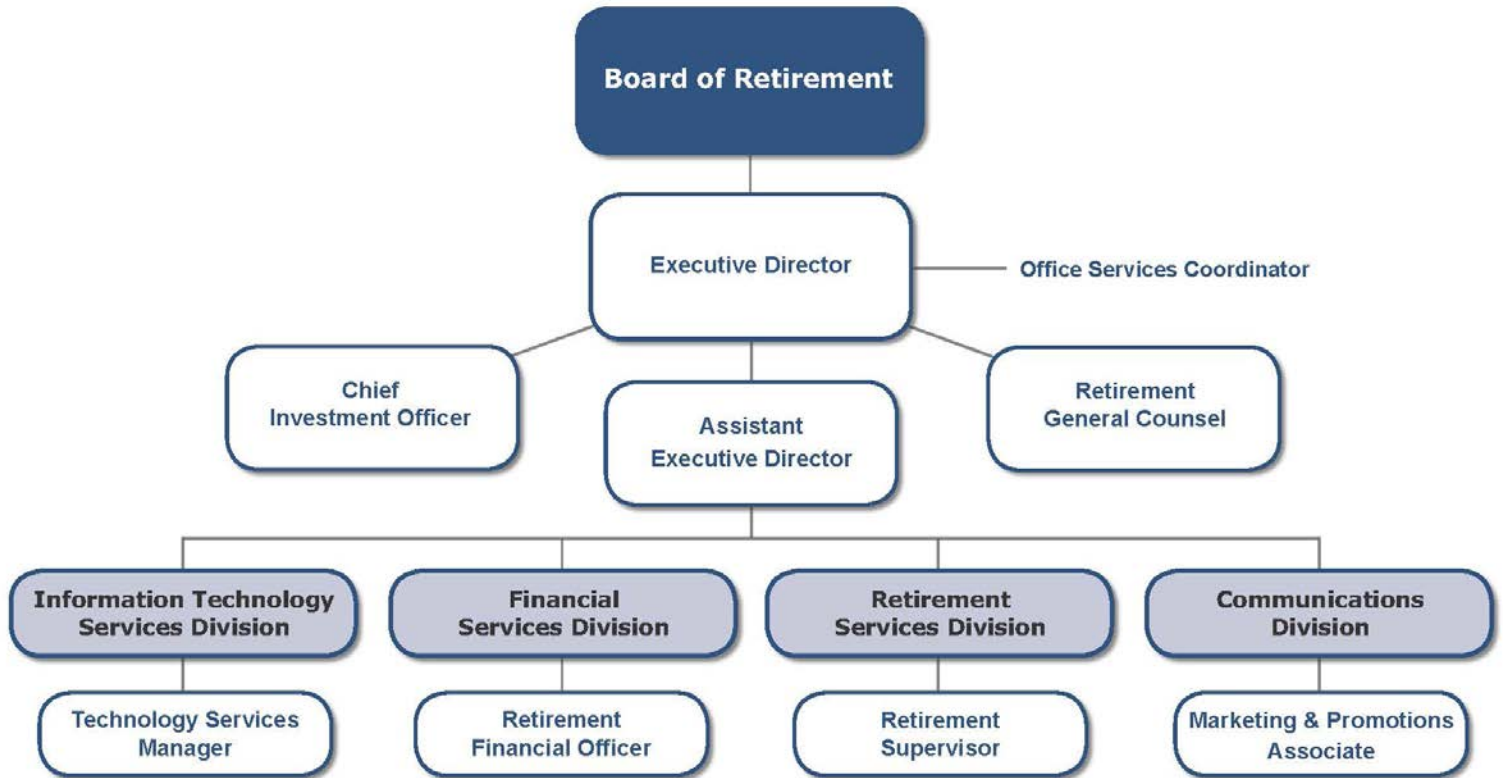


Thad Kennedy (Alternate)
Elected by Safety Members
Present term expires 12/31/2018



Organizational Chart

As of June 30, 2016





Professional Consultants

As of June 30, 2016

ACTUARY

The Segal Company, Inc.
San Francisco, CA

AUDITOR

CliftonLarsonAllen, LLP
Broomfield, CO

CUSTODIAN

The Northern Trust Company
Chicago, IL

LEGAL

Hanson Bridgett, LLP
San Francisco, CA

Ice Miller, LLP
Indianapolis, IN

Nossaman, LLP
Los Angeles, CA

Reed Smith, LLP
San Francisco, CA

INVESTMENT CONSULTANTS

Verus Investments
Seattle, WA

Albourne America LLC
San Francisco, CA

OTHER SPECIALIZED SERVICES

Alliance Resource Consulting, LLC
Long Beach, CA

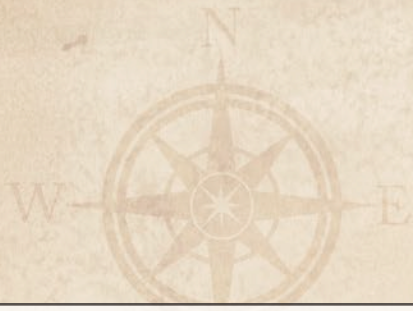
Cortex Applied Research, Inc.
Toronto, Ontario (Canada)

Glass, Lewis & Co., LLC
San Francisco, CA

Deutsche Bank
New York, NY

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SECTION II

Financial

KCERA

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CliftonLarsonAllen LLP
CLAcconnect.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Retirement and the Finance Committee
Kern County Employees' Retirement Association
Bakersfield, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Kern County Employees' Retirement Association, which comprise the Statements of Net Position as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, and the related Statements of Changes in Net Position for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the entity's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position the Kern County Employees' Retirement Association as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, and the respective changes in net position for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



Board of Retirement and the Finance Committee
Kern County Employees' Retirement Association

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and schedules of changes in net pension liability, contributions and money-weighted rate of returns as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Kern County Employees' Retirement Association's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section, investment section, actuarial section and statistical section listed in the table of contents have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 28, 2016, on our consideration of the Plan's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Kern County Employees' Retirement Association's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Denver, Colorado
November 28, 2016

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section presents management's discussion and analysis of the Kern County Employees' Retirement Association's (KCERA) financial statements and the significant events and conditions which affected the operations and performance during the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015. It is presented as a narrative overview and analysis in conjunction with the Executive Director's *Letter of Transmittal* included in the Introductory Section of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Financial Highlights

- KCERA's net position decreased by \$53.5 million during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, a 1.5% decrease from the last fiscal year. The decrease was principally due to weakness in financial markets relative to KCERA's non-U.S. equity, private equity and fixed income allocations.
- Member contributions increased by \$3.0 million, or 9.7%, mainly as a result of scheduled member contribution rate changes. Employer contributions increased by \$19.2 million, or 8.9%, due primarily to an increase in the payroll of the active member population. The average employer contribution rate decreased from 45.64% of payroll for fiscal year 2014-15 to 45.11% for fiscal year 2015-16.
- The total fund's investment performance fell short of the actuarial assumed rate of return for the fiscal year. The investment portfolio reported a total return of -0.5% (net of fees) versus the actuarial assumed rate of return of 7.5% for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The total fund realized a return lower than the total fund's policy return of 0.4%. Underperformance was mainly driven by the non-U.S. equity, private equity and fixed income allocations.

- Vested pension benefits increased by \$15.1 million, or 5.9%, over the prior year. The increase is attributable to a 3.3% increase in retired members and beneficiaries receiving pension benefits, and a 2.5% increase in the average monthly benefit, which rose to \$2,900 in the fiscal year.
- As of June 30, 2015, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation, the funded ratio for KCERA was 62.4% compared to the funded ratio of 60.8% as of June 30, 2014. The increase in the ratio is mainly due to lower-than-expected salary and cost-of-living increases.

Overview of Basic Financial Statements and Accompanying Information

- 1) **The Statement of Fiduciary Net Position** is the basic statement of position for a defined benefit pension plan. This statement presents asset and liability account balances at fiscal year end. The difference between assets and liabilities represents the net position available for future payments to retirees and their beneficiaries. Assets and current liabilities of the Plan reflect full accruals. The statement reflects investments at fair value and accounting liabilities as distinct from actuarial liabilities.
- 2) **The Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position** is the basic operating statement for a defined benefit pension plan. Changes in plan net position are recorded as additions or deductions from the Plan. All additions and deductions are reported on a full accrual basis.

**References in this document to KCERA's investment rate of return assume a time-weighted rate of return unless otherwise specified as a money-weighted rate of return, per GASB 67 guidelines.*

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Overview of Basic Financial Statements and Accompanying Information (*cont.*)

- 3) **Notes to the Basic Financial Statements** are an integral part of the financial statements and provide important additional information.
- 4) **Required Supplementary Information** consists of three required schedules and their related notes: Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability, Schedule of Contributions and Schedule of Money-Weighted Rate of Return.
- 5) **Other Supplemental Information** includes schedules of administrative expenses, investment manager fees, other investment expenses, and payments to consultants.

The required financial statements and disclosures have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and are in compliance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements.

Financial Analysis

Fiduciary Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits

KCERA provides pension benefits to the employees and their beneficiaries of the County of Kern and other public agencies. KCERA's benefits are funded by member and employer contributions, and by investment income. KCERA's fiduciary net position—restricted for pension benefits at June 30, 2016 was \$3.6 billion, a decrease of \$53.5 million, or -1.5%, from June 30, 2015. KCERA's fiduciary net position—restricted for pension benefits at June 30, 2015 was \$3.6 billion, an increase of \$49.0 million, or 1.4%, from June 30, 2014. Key elements of the increase in net position are described below and in Tables 1 and 2 on page 20.

Contributions and Investment Income

Additions to net position include member and employer contributions and investment income. Member contributions were approximately \$33.3 million, \$30.3 million and \$25.8 million for the years ended

June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Employer contributions were \$234.7 million, \$215.5 million and \$220.4 million for the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Member contributions increased by \$3.0 million (9.7%) in 2016 and increased by \$4.5 million (17.5%) in 2015. The increase in member contributions in 2016 and 2015 was mainly the result of changes in actuarial assumptions, changes in the demographics of the tiers and scheduled member contribution rates.

Employer contributions increased by approximately \$19.2 million (8.9%) in 2016 and decreased by approximately \$4.9 million (-2.2%) in 2015. The increase in 2016 employer contributions was primarily due to an increase in active membership and therefore employer payroll, and changes in actuarial assumptions.

Net investment and securities lending income was -\$27.5 million, \$81.9 million and \$487.5 million for the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The decrease in 2016 can be attributed to fixed income, commodities and hedge fund returns. The increase in 2015 can be attributed to domestic equity and real estate returns.

For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014, the KCERA portfolio gained -0.5% (net of fees), 2.4% (net of fees) and 15.0% (net of fees), respectively. More information on KCERA's investment portfolio is contained in the investment section of this report.

Benefits, Refunds and Expenses

Deductions to plan fiduciary net position include pension benefits, lump sum payments, supplemental benefits, refunds of member contributions, and administrative expenses. The pension benefits (annuity, pension and cost-of-living allowances) were \$272.3 million, \$257.2 million, \$241.5 million for the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Pension benefits increased by approximately \$15.1 million (5.9%) in 2016 and \$15.6 million (6.5%) in 2015.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Financial Analysis (cont.)

Benefits, Refunds and Expenses (cont.)

These increases were mainly due to a consistently growing population of retired members and beneficiaries receiving pension benefits and an increase in the average monthly benefit, attributable to higher final average compensations. Retired members and beneficiaries increased by 3.3% in 2016 and by 2.9% in 2015. The average monthly benefit for retirees and beneficiaries increased by 2.5% in 2016 and 3.5% in 2015.

KCERA previously adopted California Government Code Section 31618, which provides for the establishment of the Supplemental Retiree Benefit Reserve (SRBR). SRBR currently provides retirees with 80% purchasing power parity and a \$5,000 death benefit. In addition to pension benefits, the supplemental retirement benefits paid were \$13.2 million, \$13.2 million and \$12.9 million for the

years ended June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Refunds of member contributions were \$3.3 million, \$3.5 million and \$3.1 million for the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

KCERA's administrative expenses were \$5.2 million, \$4.9 million and \$4.9 million for the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Average aggregate monthly defined benefit payments, excluding SRBR benefits, AND total number of retirees and beneficiaries:

<u>June 2016</u>	<u>June 2015</u>	<u>June 2014</u>
\$22.7 million	\$21.4 million	\$20.1 million
7,824	7,574	7,362



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

(In thousands)

Table 1

	2016		2015		2014
		Increase (Decrease) Amount		Increase (Decrease) Amount	
Assets					
Current Assets	\$ 174,902	\$ (46,665)	\$ 221,532	\$ 56,500	\$ 165,032
Investments	3,587,862	(33,148)	3,621,010	125,847	3,495,163
Securities Lending Collateral	76,000	2,874	73,126	(156,978)	230,104
Capital Assets	4,479	(668)	5,182	(367)	5,549
Total Assets	\$ 3,843,243	\$ (77,607)	\$ 3,920,850	\$ 25,002	\$ 3,895,848
Liabilities					
Current Liabilities	\$ 195,656	\$ (26,975)	\$ 222,631	\$ 132,999	\$ 89,632
Liabilities for Security Lending	76,000	2,874	73,126	(156,978)	230,104
Total Liabilities	\$ 271,656	\$ (24,101)	\$ 295,757	\$ (23,979)	\$ 319,736
Fiduciary Net Position – Restricted for Pension Benefits	\$ 3,571,587	\$ (53,506)	\$ 3,625,093	\$ 48,981	\$ 3,576,112

CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

(In thousands)

Table 2

	2016		2015		2014
		Increase (Decrease) Amount		Increase (Decrease) Amount	
Additions					
Member Contributions	\$ 33,278	\$ 2,953	\$ 30,325	\$ 4,515	\$ 25,810
Employer Contributions	234,714	19,237	215,477	(4,916)	220,393
Net Investment Income (Loss)	(27,535)	(109,465)	81,930	(405,564)	487,494
Total Additions	\$ 240,457	\$ (87,275)	\$ 327,732	\$ (405,965)	\$ 733,697
Deductions					
Pension Benefits	\$ 272,269	\$ 15,116	\$ 257,153	\$ 15,651	\$ 241,502
Supplemental Retirement Benefits	13,187	(27)	13,214	333	12,881
Refunds of Member Contributions	3,282	(216)	3,498	386	3,112
Administrative Expenses	5,225	339	4,886	26	4,860
Total Deductions	\$ 293,963	\$ 15,212	\$ 278,751	\$ 16,396	\$ 262,355
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$ (53,506)	\$ (102,487)	\$ 48,981	\$ (422,361)	\$ 471,342
Fiduciary Net Position – Restricted for Pension Benefits					
At Beginning of Year	\$ 3,625,093	\$ 48,981	\$ 3,576,112	\$ 471,342	\$ 3,104,770
At End of Year	\$ 3,571,587	\$ (53,506)	\$ 3,625,093	\$ 48,981	\$ 3,576,112

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Reserves

KCERA's reserves are established for the purpose of managing benefit operations in accordance with the County Employees Retirement Law of 1937 (CERL). The total amount of reserves equals KCERA's Fiduciary Net Position – Restricted for Pension Benefits at the end of the year.

Investments are stated at fair value instead of at cost and include the recognition of unrealized gains and losses in the current period. Unrealized gains and losses effect the reserves indirectly through an actuarial asset "smoothing" process and are held in the Market Stabilization Reserve with a portion allocated to all other reserves. KCERA uses a five-year smoothing methodology to recognize unrealized gains and losses. The five-year smoothing is calculated by subtracting the expected return of the

actuarial assumed interest rate of 7.5% from the total fund's actual return on net position. The Market Stabilization Reserve was (\$235.3) million, (\$26.0) million and \$114.3 million for the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Interest at the actuarial rate of 7.5%, or at the highest rate possible if net earnings are not sufficient to credit the full actuarial rate, is credited semiannually on December 31 and June 30. Interest is credited to all reserves, except the contingency reserve. KCERA credited the reserves 4.70% in fiscal year 2016 and 6.09% in fiscal year 2015. In addition, in fiscal year 2016, no funds were credited to reduce the negative contingency reserve, in accordance with the Board of Retirement's Interest Crediting Policy. As investment returns improve, resulting in positive changes in net position, the Contingency and Market Stabilization Reserves will turn to a

KCERA Reserves			
(In thousands)	2016	2015	2014
Member Reserve	\$ 320,400	\$ 295,448	\$ 268,826
Employer Reserve	724,857	680,206	634,009
Cost of Living Reserve	1,085,752	1,014,755	937,416
Retired Member Reserve	1,512,898	1,493,040	1,452,024
Supplemental Retiree Benefit Reserve	179,365	183,959	185,867
Contingency Reserve	(16,355)	(16,355)	(16,355)
Market Stabilization Reserve	(235,330)	(25,960)	114,325
Total	\$ 3,571,587	\$ 3,625,093	\$ 3,576,112

Fiduciary Responsibilities

The Board of Retirement and management staff are fiduciaries of the pension trust fund. Under the California Pension Protection Act of 1992, the Board of Retirement has plenary authority and fiduciary responsibility for the investment of monies and for the administration of KCERA.

The Board of Retirement has the sole and exclusive fiduciary responsibility over the assets of the Plan. The assets are held for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to KCERA members and their survivors, as mandated.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of KCERA's finances and accountability for the plan sponsors and members. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Sheryl Lawrence, KCERA's financial officer, at sheryl.lawrence@kcera.org or (661) 381-7700.

STATEMENTS OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
AS OF JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015

(In thousands)

	2016	2015
Assets		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 73,532	\$ 68,304
Receivables:		
Investments Sold	\$ 89,980	\$ 143,182
Interest and Dividends	7,300	7,675
Contributions and Other Receivables	4,055	2,371
Total Receivables	<u>101,335</u>	<u>153,228</u>
Investments at Fair Value:		
Domestic Debt Securities and Bonds	\$ 935,451	\$ 785,881
International Bonds	148,493	212,788
Domestic Equities	957,087	956,246
International Equities	727,075	846,186
Real Estate Investments	185,273	173,676
Alternative Investments	503,784	493,235
Commodities	135,433	150,771
Swaps/Options	(4,734)	2,227
Collateral Held for Securities Lending	76,000	73,126
Total Investments at Fair Value	<u>3,663,862</u>	<u>3,694,136</u>
Capital Assets:		
Computer Software	\$ 6,298	\$ 6,298
Equipment/Computers	473	542
Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(2,292)</u>	<u>(1,658)</u>
Total Capital Assets	4,479	5,182
Prepaid Expenses	\$ 35	\$ -
Total Assets	<u>\$ 3,843,243</u>	<u>\$ 3,920,850</u>
Liabilities		
Securities Purchased	\$ 189,852	\$ 213,072
Collateral Held for Securities Lent	76,000	73,126
Contributions and Other Liabilities	5,804	9,559
Total Liabilities	<u>271,656</u>	<u>295,757</u>
Fiduciary Net Position – Restricted for Pension Benefits	\$ 3,571,587	\$ 3,625,093

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015

(In thousands)

	2016	2015
Additions		
Contributions:		
Employer	\$ 234,714	\$ 215,477
Member	<u>33,278</u>	<u>30,325</u>
Total Contributions	267,992	245,802
Investment Income:		
Net Appreciation (Depreciation) in Fair Value of Investments	\$ (57,080)	\$ 57,594
Interest	28,967	28,342
Dividends	20,677	19,240
Other Investment Income	<u>3</u>	<u>0</u>
Total Investment Income (Loss)	(7,433)	105,176
Less: Investment Expenses	<u>20,420</u>	<u>23,891</u>
Net Investment Income (Loss)	(27,853)	81,285
Securities Lending Income:		
Earnings:	\$ 383	\$ 588
Less: Rebates & Bank Fees	<u>65</u>	<u>(57)</u>
Net Securities Lending Income	318	645
Total Additions	<u>\$ 240,457</u>	<u>\$ 327,732</u>
Deductions		
Retirement and Survivor Benefits	\$ 272,269	\$ 257,153
Supplemental Retirement Benefits	13,187	13,214
Refunds of Member Contributions	3,282	3,498
Administrative Expenses	<u>5,225</u>	<u>4,886</u>
Total Deductions	293,963	278,751
Net Increase (Decrease)	\$ (53,506)	\$ 48,981
Fiduciary Net Position – Restricted for Pension Benefits At Beginning of Year	\$ 3,625,093	\$ 3,576,112
Fiduciary Net Position – Restricted for Pension Benefits At End of Year	\$ 3,571,587	\$ 3,625,093

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 – DESCRIPTION OF PLAN

The Kern County Employees’ Retirement Association (KCERA) was established on January 1, 1945 by the County of Kern Board of Supervisors under the provisions of the County Employees’ Retirement Law of 1937 (CERL). KCERA is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan (the Plan) covering all permanent employees of the County of Kern and of the following agencies: Berrenda Mesa Water District, Buttonwillow Recreation and Park District, East Kern Cemetery District, Inyokern Community Services District, Kern County Water Agency, Kern Mosquito and Vector Control District, North of the River Sani-

tation District, San Joaquin Valley Unified Air Pollution Control District, Shafter Recreation and Park District, West Side Cemetery District, West Side Mosquito and Vector Control District, West Side Recreation and Park District, and Kern County Superior Court. As a subsequent event, the Kern County Hospital Authority became a separate entity from the County of Kern, effective July 1, 2016. The Plan is administered by the Kern County Board of Retirement, which consists of nine members and two alternate members.

As of June 30, 2016, employee membership data related to the pension plan was as follows:

	General	Safety	Total
Active Members:			
Vested	4,183	1,363	5,546
Non-Vested	2,612	477	3,089
Total Active Members	6,795	1,840	8,635
Terminated – Deferred Vested	784	108	892
Retirees and Beneficiaries	5,967	1,857	7,824
Total Members	13,546	3,805	17,351

Benefit Provisions

KCERA provides service retirement, disability, death, survivor and supplemental benefits to eligible employees. All regular full-time employees of the County of Kern or contracting districts who work 50% or more of the regular standard hours required become members of KCERA effective on the first day of the payroll period following the date of hire. Safety membership includes those in active law enforcement, fire suppression, criminal investigation and probation officers.

General members (excluding Tier III) are eligible to retire at age 70 regardless of service or at age 50 with 10 or more years of retirement service credit. A member with 30 years of service is eligible to retire regardless of age. General Tier III members are eligible to retire at age 70 regardless of service or at age 52 with 5 or more years of retirement service credit.

Safety members are eligible to retire at age 70 regardless of service or at age 50 with 10 or more years of retirement service credit. A member with 20 years of service is eligible to retire regardless of age.

The retirement benefit the member will receive is based on age at retirement, final average compensation (FAC), years of retirement service credit, and retirement plan and tier.

General member benefits for Tier I and Tier II are calculated pursuant to California Gov. Code Sections 31676.17 and 31676.01, respectively. The monthly allowance is equal to 1/50th of FAC times years of accrued retirement service credit times age factor from Section 31676.17 (Tier I) or 1/90th of FAC times years of accrued retirement service credit times age factor from Section 31676.01 (Tier II). General Tier III member benefits are calculated pursuant to the provisions found in California Government Code Section 7522.20(a).



NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 – DESCRIPTION OF PLAN (cont.)

The monthly allowance is equal to the FAC multiplied by years of accrued retirement credit multiplied by the age factor from Section 7522.20(a).

Safety member benefits for Tier I and Tier II are calculated pursuant to California Gov. Code Sections 31664.1 and 31664, respectively. The monthly allowance is equal to 3% of FAC times years of accrued retirement service credit times age factor from Section 31664.1 (Tier I) or 1/50th (2%) of FAC times years of accrued retirement service credit times age factor from Section 31664 (Tier II).

For members in Tier I or Tier II, the maximum monthly retirement allowance is 100% of FAC. There is no FAC limit on the maximum retirement benefit for General Tier III members.

The maximum amount of compensation earnable that can be taken into account for 2016 for members with membership dates on or after July 1, 1996 but before January 1, 2013 is \$265,000. For General Tier III members who joined on or after January 1, 2013, the maximum pensionable compensation that can be taken into account for 2016 is \$117,020 for those enrolled in Social Security. These limits are adjusted on an annual basis. Members are exempt from paying member contributions and employers are exempt from paying employer contributions on compensation in excess of the annual cap.

FAC consists of the highest 12 consecutive months for a General Tier I or Tier IIA member or a Safety Tier I or Tier IIA member, and the highest 36 consecutive months for a General Tier IIB or Tier III member or a Safety Tier IIB member.

The member may elect an unmodified retirement allowance, or choose an optional retirement allowance. The unmodified option provides the highest monthly benefit and a 60% continuance to an eligible surviving spouse or domestic partner. An eligible spouse or partner is one married to or registered with the member one year prior to the effective retirement date. Certain surviving spouses or partners may also be eligible if marriage or partnership was at least two years prior

to the date of death and the surviving spouse or partner is age 55 as of the date of death. There are four optional retirement allowances the member may choose. Each option requires a reduction in the unmodified retirement allowance to allow the member the ability to provide certain benefits to a surviving spouse, domestic partner or named beneficiary having an insurable interest in the life of the member.

Death Benefit:

Death Before Retirement

An active member's beneficiary is entitled to receive death benefits, which consist of accumulated contributions, plus interest, and one month's salary for each full year of service up to a maximum of six month's salary.

If a member is vested and their death is not the result of job-caused injury or disease, their spouse or registered domestic partner will be entitled to receive, for life, a monthly allowance equal to 60% of the retirement allowance in which they would have been entitled to receive if they had retired for nonservice-connected disability on the date of their death. This same choice is given to their minor children under the age of 18 (continuing to age 22 if enrolled full time in an accredited school).

If a member dies in the performance of duty, their spouse or registered domestic partner receives, for life, a monthly allowance equal to at least 50% of the member's final average salary. This will apply to minor children under age 18 (continuing to age 22 if enrolled full time in an accredited school).

Death After Retirement

If a member dies after retirement, a death benefit of \$5,000 is payable to their designated beneficiary or their estate.

If the retirement was for a nonservice-connected disability and the member chose the unmodified allowance option, their surviving spouse, registered domestic partner or minor children will receive a monthly continuance equal to 60% of the benefit.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 – DESCRIPTION OF PLAN (*cont.*)

Death After Retirement (*cont.*)

If the retirement was for service-connected disability, their spouse, registered domestic partner or minor children will receive a 100% continuance of the member's benefit.

Disability Benefit:

A member with five years of service, regardless of age, who becomes permanently incapacitated for the performance of duty will be eligible for a nonservice-connected disability retirement. Any member who becomes permanently incapacitated for the performance of duty as a result of injury or disease arising out of and in the course of employment, is eligible for a service-connected disability, regardless of service length or age.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment:

An annual cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) of up to 2.0% was adopted for all retirees and continuance beneficiaries as of April 1, 1973. An additional 0.5% COLA was granted by the Ventura Settlement as of April 1, 2002, resulting in a maximum COLA of 2.5%, depending on the rate of inflation.

Supplemental Benefit:

The Board of Retirement and the Board of Supervisors adopted Government Code Section 31618 on April 23, 1984, which provides for the establishment of the Supplemental Retiree Benefit Reserve (SRBR). The SRBR is used only for the benefit of future and current retired members and their beneficiaries. The supplemental benefit is not a guaranteed benefit. The distribution of the SRBR is determined by the Board of Retirement. SRBR currently provides for 80% purchasing power protection and a \$5,000 death benefit, effective January 1, 2015.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

KCERA, with its own governing board, is an independent governmental entity separate and distinct from the County of Kern.

Basis of Accounting

KCERA follows Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting principles and reporting guidelines. The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting and reflect the overall operations of KCERA. Employer and member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due, and benefits and refunds of prior contributions are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

Investment income is recognized as revenue when earned. The net appreciation (depreciation) in the fair value of investments is recorded as an increase (decrease) to investment income based upon investment valuations, which includes both realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments.

Administrative Expenses

KCERA's Board of Retirement annually adopts the operating budget for the administration of KCERA. Costs of administering the Plan are charged against the Plan's earnings. KCERA's administration budget is calculated pursuant to Government Code Section 31580.2(a), which provides that the administrative expenses incurred in any year may not exceed the greater of either (1) twenty-one hundredths of 1 percent (.21%) of the actuarial accrued liability of the system or (2) two million dollars (\$2,000,000), as adjusted annually by the amount of the annual cost-of-living adjustment computed in accordance with Article 16.5. Government Code Section 31580.2(b) provides that expenditures for computer software, hardware, and computer technology consulting services in support of the computer products shall not be considered a cost of administration expenses in the calculation.



NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents are assets that are readily convertible into cash, such as short-term government bonds or Treasury bills and commercial paper. Cash equivalents are distinguished from other investments through their short-term existence; they mature within 3 months. A cash equivalent

must also be an investment with an insignificant risk of change in value. Although cash equivalents are not cash, they are presented on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position together with cash using the title “Cash and Cash Equivalents.”

Fair Valuation of Investments

Fair value for investments are derived by various methods as indicated in the following table:

Publicly traded stocks	Most recent exchange closing price. International securities reflect currency exchange rates in effect at June 30, 2016 & 2015.
Short-term investments and bonds	Institutional evaluations or priced at par.
OTC securities	Evaluations based on good faith opinion as to what a buyer in the marketplace would pay for a security.
Commingled funds	Net asset value provided by the investment manager.
Alternative investments	Net asset value provided by the Fund manager based on the underlying financial statements and performance of the investments.
Real estate investments	Estimated based on the price that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction between marketplace participants at the measurement date. Investments without a public market are valued based on assumptions made and multiple valuation techniques or appraisals used by the investment manager.

Risks and Uncertainties

KCERA invests in various investment securities, which are exposed to various risks, including interest rate, market and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position.

Capital Assets

Assets shall be recorded at historical cost or, if that amount is not practicably determined, at estimated historic cost. Accumulated depreciation shall be summarized and reflected on KCERA’s annual financial statements. Capital assets shall be depreciated over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line depreciation method. Intangible assets with limited useful lives (e.g., by legal or contractual provisions) should be amortized over their estimated useful lives. Amortization of computer software should begin when the program is placed into service.

Capitalization Thresholds and Useful Life

Capital Asset Category	Thresholds	Useful Life
Furniture	\$2,500	5-15 years
Equipment/Computers	\$5,000	3-10 years
Internally generated computer software	\$1,000,000	5-12 years
Computer software	\$100,000	3-10 years

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (*cont.*)

Income Taxes

The Plan qualifies under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and is therefore not subject to tax under present income tax laws. No provision for income taxes has been made in the accompanying financial statements, as the Plan is exempt from federal and state income taxes under the provisions of Internal Revenue Code, Section 501 and California Revenue and Taxation Code, Section 23701, respectively.

Management's Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

GASB Pronouncements

In February 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 72 (GASB 72), *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. GASB 72 requires disclosures to be made about fair value measurements, the level of fair value hierarchy and valuation techniques. Governments use valuation techniques which are appropriate under the circumstances and are either a market approach, a cost approach or income approach. GASB 72 establishes a hierarchy of inputs used to measure fair value consisting of three levels. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level

3 inputs are unobservable inputs and typically reflect management's estimates of assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. GASB 72 also requires additional disclosures regarding investments in certain entities that calculate net asset value per share (or its equivalent). KCERA implemented GASB 72 starting with the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. There was no material impact on the KCERA's financial statements as a result of the implementation of GASB 72.

In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 76 (GASB 76), *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments*. This Statement establishes the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), and the framework for selecting those principles used to prepare financial statements of state and local governmental entities. This Statement supersedes Statement No. 55, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments*. KCERA implemented GASB 76 starting with the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. There was no material impact on the KCERA's financial statements as a result of the implementation of GASB 76.

In December 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 79 (GASB 79), *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain external investment pools and pool participants. Specifically, it establishes criteria for an external investment pool to qualify for making the election to measure all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. KCERA has determined it is not a participant in an external investment pool (i.e., Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 2a-7) in accordance with GASB 79. There was no material impact on the KCERA's financial statements as a result of the implementation of GASB 79.



NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Board of Retirement (the Board) has the fiduciary responsibility and authority to oversee the investment portfolio. The Board is governed by the County Employees' Retirement Law of 1937. It is also governed by California Government Code Sections 31594 and 31595, which provides for prudent person governance of the Plan. Under this law, the type and amount of plan investments as well as the quality of securities is not specifically delineated, rather the investments made are assumed to be in the best interest of the Plan such that others with similar information would acquire similar investments. The Board is required to diversify the investments of the Plan so as to minimize the risk of loss and to maximize the rate of return, unless it is clearly prudent not to do so. The investments shall be made for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to the participants and their beneficiaries, and defraying reasonable expenses to the Plan.

The Board maintains a formal Investment Policy Statement, which addresses guidelines for the investment process. The primary investment objectives for KCERA's assets shall be:

1. Funding benefits
2. Long-term growth of capital
3. Preservation of purchasing power

A specific investment objective for KCERA's assets is for the asset value, exclusive of contributions or withdrawals, to grow over the long run. Another objective is for the assets to earn, through a combination of investment income and capital appreciation, a rate of return (net of fees) in excess of the established benchmarks over a full market cycle (3-5 years).

The Board retains a number of professional investment managers. Investment manager selection is an important decision involving complex due diligence. The Board's investment policy requires independent performance measurement of investment managers, and establishes total return objec-

tives for the total portfolio and major categories of investments. The Board adopts investment guidelines for KCERA's investment managers which are included within their respective Investment Management agreements.

KCERA's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Board. It is the policy of the Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The following was the Board's adopted asset allocation as of June 30, 2016:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target</u>
Domestic Equity	23%
International Equity	22%
Fixed Income	29%
Real Estate	5%
Private Equity	5%
Hedge Funds	10%
Commodities	6%

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension investment expenses, was 0.3%. For the year ended June 30, 2015, it was 3.0%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Deposits

Cash and cash equivalents are carried at cost plus accrued interest, which approximates fair value. All cash and cash equivalents are held as follows: by the County of Kern as part of Kern County's treasury pool, by Wells Fargo Bank as cash for benefit payments and KCERA Property, Inc., and by KCERA's master global custodian, The Northern Trust Company. The County Treasury Oversight Committee is responsible for regulatory oversight of the Kern County Treasury Pool. Substantially all of the cash held at The Northern Trust Company is swept daily into collective short-term investment funds.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS *(cont.)*

A summary of cash, deposits and short-term investments as of June 30, 2016 and 2015 consists of:

(In thousands)

Held by	2016	2015
County of Kern	\$ 9,644	\$ 3,080
Wells Fargo	1,256	703
Northern Trust	62,586	62,755
Disbursements in excess of cash balances	46	1,766
Total	\$ 73,532	\$ 68,304

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Plan will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. KCERA does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk but limits custodial credit risk for deposits by maintaining cash in an external investment pool managed by the County of Kern and cash and short-term investments managed by The Northern Trust Company. At June 30, 2016, KCERA had \$951 thousand in deposits held at The Northern Trust Company that were uninsured and uncollateralized.

Investments

Investments of the Plan are reported at fair value. In fulfilling its responsibilities, the Board of Retirement has contracted with investment managers and a master global custodian. For the year ended June 30, 2016, The Northern Trust Company is the global custodian for the majority of the investments of the Plan.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to a debt investment will not fulfill its obligations. The KCERA investment policy's minimum average credit quality rating for fixed income, with the exception of high yield, shall be at least A- and the minimum issue quality shall be B-rated. The minimum overall average credit quality for high yield shall be at least B.

At June 30, 2016 and 2015, KCERA's assets consisted of securities with credit quality ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations, as shown on the next page.



NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.)

Standard & Poor's (S&P) Credit Quality by Investment Type

As of June 30, 2016

(In thousands)

Type of Investment	S&P Credit Quality							Total
	AAA	AA	A	BBB-B	CCC-C	D-NR	Agency	
Asset-Backed Securities	\$ 4,781	\$ 2,805	\$ 2,141	\$ 1,996	\$ 3,598	\$ 1,789	\$ 274	\$ 17,384
Bank Loans	-	-	-	8,475	354	1,871	-	\$ 10,700
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities	2,103	1,288	110	2,170	-	8,512	-	\$ 14,183
Corporate Bonds	-	4,779	35,968	216,226	14,856	20,650	-	\$ 292,479
Corporate Convertible Bonds	-	-	-	50	-	124	-	\$ 174
Government Agencies	-	3,710	-	896	-	-	-	\$ 4,606
Government Bonds	-	320	12,755	22,321	-	8,356	-	\$ 43,752
Government Mortgage-Backed Securities	-	-	95	-	-	676	123,399	\$ 124,170
Government-Issued Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	651	\$ 651
Municipal / Provincial Bonds	-	2,787	997	1,008	-	630	-	\$ 5,422
Non-Government-Backed C.M.O.s	243	1,773	775	1,003	1,089	8,065	-	\$ 12,948
Collective / Commingled Funds	-	265,124	-	15,180	-	146,793	-	\$ 427,097
Total	\$ 7,127	\$ 282,586	\$ 52,841	\$ 269,325	\$ 19,897	\$ 197,466	\$ 124,324	\$ 953,566
U.S. Treasuries & Notes								\$ 130,378
Total Fixed Income								\$1,083,944



NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.)

Standard & Poor's (S&P) Credit Quality by Investment Type

As of June 30, 2015

(In thousands)

Type of Investment	S&P Credit Quality							Total
	AAA	AA	A	BBB-B	CCC-C	D-NR	Agency	
Asset-Backed Securities	\$ 4,186	\$ 2,014	\$ 2,522	\$ 2,519	\$ 2,870	\$ 2,586	\$ 120	\$ 16,817
Bank Loans	-	-	-	6,791	463	1,779	-	\$ 9,033
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities	12,484	809	299	3,835	92	6,940	-	\$ 24,459
Corporate Bonds	-	9,251	32,547	198,576	23,232	9,817	-	\$ 273,423
Corporate Convertible Bonds	-	-	-	54	-	279	-	\$ 333
Government Agencies	-	3,654	-	871	-	-	600	\$ 5,125
Government Bonds	-	335	15,445	21,024	444	19,471	-	\$ 56,719
Government Mortgage-Backed Securities	-	-	256	-	-	635	98,552	\$ 99,443
Government-Issued Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,251	\$ 1,251
Municipal / Provincial Bonds	710	1,873	1,517	-	-	-	-	\$ 4,100
Non-Government-Backed C.M.O.s	718	1,048	3,519	1,264	2,352	7,645	-	\$ 16,546
Collective / Commingled Funds	-	241,324	3,684	22,602	-	68,088	32,050	\$ 367,748
Total	\$ 18,098	\$ 260,308	\$ 59,789	\$ 257,536	\$ 29,453	\$ 117,240	\$ 132,573	\$ 874,997
U.S. Treasuries & Notes								\$ 123,672
Total Fixed Income								\$ 998,669



NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.)

Investments (cont.)

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the Plan will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. KCERA does not have a formal policy for limiting custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2016, there were no investment securities exposed to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The KCERA investment policy limits exposure to any single investment manager or product. The maximum allocation to a single active manager is up to 30% of the aggregate fair value of the Fund. The maximum allocation to a single active management product is 12%. This limitation applies

to any non-index investment vehicle. With the exception of any sovereign entity (both U.S. and non-U.S.) U.S. agency-backed and U.S. agency-issued mortgages, portfolios may not invest more than 5% per investment-grade issuer. Securities of a single non-investment-grade issuer should not represent more than 2% of the fair value of the portfolio. KCERA's investment portfolio contained no investments in any one single investment-grade issuer greater than 5% of plan net position as of June 30, 2016 and 2015 (other than the exceptions listed above).

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. KCERA's investment policy requires active managers to be within 20% of their benchmark. The overall Fund duration is expected to be within 20% of the Fund's benchmark duration. At June 30, 2016 and 2015, the segmented time distribution of the fixed income portfolio, by investment type, was as follows:

As of June 30, 2016

Investment Type	Fair Value (in thousands)	Investment Maturities (in years) as of June 30, 2016				
		Less Than 1	1-5	6-10	More Than 10	Maturity Not Determined
Asset-Backed Securities	\$ 17,384	\$ 44	\$ 1,781	\$ 4,954	\$ 10,605	\$ -
Bank Loans	10,700	857	8,532	1,311	-	-
Commercial Mortgage-Backed	14,183	257	-	-	13,926	-
Corporate Bonds	292,479	7,235	129,463	98,310	55,224	2,247
Corporate Convertible Bonds	174	-	124	-	50	-
Government Agencies	4,605	10	2,325	645	1,625	-
Government Bonds	139,189	1,608	39,472	32,078	66,031	-
Government Mortgage-Backed	124,170	-	644	1,319	49,879	72,328
Government-Issued Commercial Mortgage-Backed	651	-	127	455	69	-
Index-Linked Government Bonds	34,942	1,960	208	18,057	14,717	-
Municipal / Provincial Bonds	5,422	-	887	-	4,535	-
Non-Government-Backed C.M.O.s	12,948	-	-	1,583	11,365	-
Collective / Commingled Funds	427,097	-	-	-	-	427,097
Total	\$1,083,944	\$ 11,971	\$ 183,563	\$ 158,712	\$ 228,026	\$ 501,672

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.)

Investments (cont.)

As of June 30, 2015

Investment Type	Fair Value (in thousands)	Investment Maturities (in years) as of June 30, 2015				
		Less Than 1	1-5	6-10	More Than 10	Maturity Not Determined
Asset-Backed Securities	\$ 16,817	\$ -	\$ 1,335	\$ 1,404	\$ 14,078	\$ -
Bank Loans	9,033	860	7,026	1,147	-	-
Commercial Mortgage-Backed	24,459	-	252	-	24,207	-
Corporate Bonds	273,423	5,382	118,294	100,074	49,522	151
Corporate Convertible Bonds	333	-	279	-	54	-
Government Agencies	5,125	-	2,820	600	1,705	-
Government Bonds	146,975	2,768	27,484	65,017	51,706	-
Government Mortgage-Backed	99,443	-	85	1,015	53,008	45,335
Government-Issued Commercial Mortgage-Backed	1,251	-	153	807	291	-
Index-Linked Government Bonds	33,416	1,244	-	17,548	14,624	-
Municipal / Provincial Bonds	4,100	710	186	-	3,204	-
Non-Government-Backed C.M.O.s	16,546	-	-	1,560	14,986	-
Collective / Commingled Funds	367,748	-	-	-	-	367,748
Total	\$ 998,669	\$ 10,964	\$ 157,914	\$ 189,172	\$ 227,385	\$ 413,234

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the value of an investment.

The Board of Retirement considers the currency risk exposure when setting the asset allocation targets of the Plan. KCERA's investment policy permits a 22% allocation to non-U.S. equities

and a 4% allocation to emerging market debt. In addition, the core fixed income and high yield managers invest in a diversified portfolio, which can include up to 10% in foreign currency exposure and 30% in non-dollar securities.

The direct holdings shown on the following page represent KCERA's foreign currency risk exposure as of June 30, 2016 and 2015.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.)

As of June 30, 2016 (In thousands, USD)

	Foreign Currency	Fair Value (\$)	
Cash	Brazilian Real	\$ 76	
	Canadian Dollar	9	
	Chinese Yuan Renminbi	51	
	Euro	87	
	British Pound Sterling	36	
	Hungarian Forint	40	
	Japanese Yen	263	
	Mexican Peso	333	
	Malaysian Ringgit	38	
	Russian Ruble	17	
	Singapore Dollar	1	
	Cash Collateral / Variation Margin	Canadian Dollar	217
		Euro	98
		British Pound Sterling	37
Japanese Yen		17	
Equities	Australian Dollar	10,566	
	Canadian Dollar	9,965	
	Swiss Franc	24,124	
	Danish Krone	2,407	
	Euro	72,000	
	British Pound Sterling	54,670	
	Hong Kong Dollar	17,925	
	Indonesian Rupiah	945	
	New Israeli Shekel	1,083	
	Japanese Yen	65,001	
	South Korean Won	4,757	
	Norwegian Krone	532	
	Swedish Krona	3,291	
	Singapore Dollar	1,426	
South African Rand	1,982		
Fixed Income	Brazilian Real	2,441	
	Chilean Peso	320	
	Chinese Yuan Renminbi	1,638	
	Colombian Peso	462	
	Euro	1,099	
	British Pound Sterling	1,188	
	Hungarian Forint	1,448	
	Mexican Peso	9,669	
	Malaysian Ringgit	1,817	
	Polish Zloty	3,086	
	Russian Ruble	2,818	
	Turkish Lira	1,216	
	Swaps / Options	Australian Dollar	(5)
		Canadian Dollar	(195)
Euro		153	
British Pound Sterling		51	
Total Foreign Cash & Investments		\$ 299,200	

As of June 30, 2015 (In thousands, USD)

	Foreign Currency	Fair Value (\$)	
Cash	Australian Dollar	\$ 17	
	Canadian Dollar	5	
	Danish Krone	7	
	Euro	897	
	British Pound Sterling	79	
	Hungarian Forint	40	
	Japanese Yen	203	
	Mexican Peso	448	
	Malaysian Ringgit	1,471	
	Equities	Australian Dollar	10,679
		Canadian Dollar	10,221
		Swiss Franc	42,211
Danish Krone		2,353	
Euro		92,863	
British Pound Sterling		77,754	
Hong Kong Dollar		24,925	
Indonesian Rupiah		895	
New Israeli Shekel		406	
Japanese Yen		69,045	
South Korean Won		5,705	
Fixed Income	Norwegian Krone	809	
	Swedish Krona	3,391	
	Singapore Dollar	1,596	
	South African Rand	2,023	
	Australian Dollar	290	
	Brazilian Real	4,347	
	Chilean Peso	335	
	Colombian Peso	463	
	Euro	8,713	
	Hungarian Forint	1,426	
	Mexican Peso	11,249	
Swaps / Options	Malaysian Ringgit	1,892	
	Peruvian Nuevo Sol	1,842	
	Polish Zloty	1,706	
	Russian Ruble	1,189	
	Turkish Lira	2,311	
	South African Rand	2,517	
	Euro	(48)	
	British Pound Sterling	(13)	
	Mexican Peso	8	
	Total Foreign Cash & Investments		\$ 386,270

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.)

Highly Sensitive Investments

KCERA utilizes investments that are highly sensitive to interest rate changes in its fixed income, separately managed investment accounts. Highly sensitive investments include mortgage-backed securities, asset-backed securities, and collateralized mortgage obligations. Mortgage-backed se-

curities, collateralized mortgage obligations, and asset-backed securities are created from pools of mortgages or other assets (receivables).

Such securities are subject to credit and interest rate risks, including uncollectible mortgages or receivables backing a security, home mortgages that are prepaid at the option of the homeowner, and the duration and maturity of the issues.

Fair Value (In thousands)

	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015
Mortgage-Backed Securities	\$ 139,003	\$ 125,154
Asset-Backed Securities	17,384	16,818
Collateralized Mortgage Obligation Securities	12,948	16,546
Total	\$ 169,335	\$ 158,518

NOTE 4 – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

KCERA's investments are measured and reported within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value:

- Level 1 – Investments reflect prices quoted in active markets.
- Level 2 – Investments reflect prices that are based on a similar observable asset either directly or indirectly, which may include inputs in markets that are not considered to be active.
- Level 3 – Investments reflect prices based upon unobservable sources.

The categorization of investments within the hierarchy is based upon the pricing transparency of the instrument and should not be perceived as the particular investment's risk.

Debt, equities, and investment derivatives classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued directly from a predetermined primary external pricing vendor. Assets classified in Level 2 are subject to pricing by an alternative pricing source due to lack of information available by the primary vendor. Assets classified in Level 3, due to lack of an independent pricing source, are valued using an internal fair value as provided by the investment manager.



NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 4 – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (cont.)

Investments and Short-Term Holdings Measured at Fair Value

(In thousands)

	6/30/2016	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observ- able Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Investments by Fair Value				
<i>Debt Securities:</i>	\$ 667,328	\$ 130,378	\$ 503,857	\$ 33,092
Asset-Backed Securities	171,342	-	144,404	26,938
Bank Loans	10,700	-	10,700	-
Bond Funds	10,480	-	10,480	-
Collateralized Debt Obligations	1,525	-	-	1,525
Corporate Debt Securities	292,653	-	289,016	3,637
Government Debt Securities	141,779	95,436	46,343	-
State & Local Government Debt Secur.	3,905	-	2,914	991
Structured Debt	34,942	34,942	-	-
Escrow	1	-	-	1
<i>Equity Investments:</i>	767,590	695,727	71,192	672
Common Stock	637,616	636,944	-	672
Convertible Equity	325	325	-	-
Equity Funds	120,578	49,386	71,192	-
Preferred Stock	6,632	6,632	-	-
Stapled Securities	2,440	2,440	-	-
<i>Real Assets:</i>	4,375	-	-	4,375
Real Estate	4,375	-	-	4,375
Investments Measured at the Net Asset Value (NAV)	2,153,304	-	-	-
Real Estate Funds	180,898	-	-	-
Hedge Funds	325,655	-	-	-
Private Equity	178,130	-	-	-
Commingled Commodity Fund	135,433	-	-	-
Commingled Equity Fund	987,763	-	-	-
Commingled Bond Fund	345,425	-	-	-
Derivatives	(4,735)	2,770	(7,506)	1
Credit Contracts	(177)	-	(177)	-
Equity Contracts	-	-	-	-
Foreign Exchange Contracts	(11)	-	(11)	-
Interest Rate Contracts	(7,334)	(12)	(7,322)	-
Other	2,787	2,782	4	1
Invested Securities Lending Collateral	76,000	-	76,000	-
Indemnified Repurchase Agreements	76,000	-	76,000	-
Total	\$ 3,663,862	\$ 828,876	\$ 643,543	\$ 38,139

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 4 – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (cont.)

The valuation method for investments measured at the net asset value (NAV) per share, or equivalent, is presented in the table below.

(In thousands)

Investments Measured at Net Asset Value (NAV)	6/30/2016	Redemption Frequency	Redemption Notice Period	Unfunded Commitments
Commingled Bond Funds ⁽¹⁾	\$ 345,425	Daily, Quarterly, None	2-30 Days	\$ -
Commingled Commodity Funds ⁽¹⁾	135,433	Daily, Monthly	1-30 Days	-
Commingled Equity Fund Domestic ⁽¹⁾	595,496	Daily, Quarterly	1-60 Days	-
Commingled Equity Fund Non-US ⁽¹⁾	392,267	Monthly	3-15 Days	-
Hedge Funds:				
CTA ⁽²⁾	25,574	Monthly	30 Days	-
Directional ⁽³⁾	42,217	Monthly	30-60 Days	-
Equity Long/Short ⁽⁴⁾	19,439	Quarterly	45 Days	-
Event-Driven ⁽⁵⁾	38,762	Quarterly, Annually, 36 Months	45-90 Days	-
Fund of Funds ⁽⁶⁾	3,007	Semi-annually	91 Days	-
Multi-Strategy ⁽⁷⁾	103,674	Quarterly, Annually	60-90 Days	-
Relative Value ⁽⁸⁾	92,981	Monthly, Quarterly, Semi-annually	45-120 Days	-
Real Estate Funds ⁽⁹⁾	180,899	Quarterly, None	30-45 Days	56,016
Private Asset Funds ⁽⁹⁾	178,130	N/A	N/A	59,288
Total	\$ 2,153,304			\$ 115,304

⁽¹⁾ *Commingled Bond Funds, Commodity Funds and Equity Funds:* Five bond funds, three commodity funds and six equity funds are considered to be commingled in nature. Each is valued at the net asset value (NAV) of units held at the end of the period based upon the fair value of the underlying investments.

⁽²⁾ *CTA:* The objective of this fund is to provide consistent long-term appreciation of assets through implementation of a systematic trading model or portfolio of systematic trading models that trade in a number of debt, equity, foreign exchange and commodity instruments and derivative contracts.

⁽³⁾ *Directional:* The three global macro funds utilizing this strategy seek to generate consistent long-term appreciation through active, direct and indirect, leveraged trading and investment on a global basis in multiple investment strategies. All three funds are valued at NAV.

⁽⁴⁾ *Equity Long/Short Hedge Fund:* Consisting of one fund utilizing both long and short strategies seeking risk-adjusted returns principally through investment in the Asian Pacific region.

⁽⁵⁾ *Event-Driven Hedge Funds:* Consisting of two funds, this strategy seeks to gain an advantage from pricing inefficiencies that may occur in the onset or aftermath of a corporate action or related event. These investments are valued at NAV per share.

⁽⁶⁾ *Fund of Funds:* Side pocket of illiquid investments from the constituent underlying funds for a fund-of-funds terminated on 2013.

⁽⁷⁾ *Multi-Strategy Hedge Funds:* The three funds that make up this group aim to pursue varying strategies in order to diversify risks and reduce volatility. These investments are valued at NAV per share.

⁽⁸⁾ *Relative Value Hedge Funds:* Consisting of five funds, this strategy's main focus is to benefit from valuation discrepancies that may be present in related financial instruments by simultaneously purchasing or selling these instruments.

⁽⁹⁾ *Private Asset and Real Estate Funds:* KCERA's Private Asset portfolio consists of 9 funds investing primarily in buyouts with some exposure to distressed funds, venture capital and special situations. The Real Estate portfolio, comprised of 5 funds, invests mainly in U.S. commercial real estate and utilizes a combination of Core open-end commingled funds and closed-end Value-Added funds. The open-end funds are eligible for redemption on a quarterly basis. Distributions are received from the closed-end funds as underlying investments within the funds are liquidated. Individual holdings contained in the funds are recorded at estimated fair value using a combination of the income, cost and sales comparison approaches.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 5 – SECURITIES LENDING

Under provisions of state statutes, the Board of Retirement permits KCERA to participate in a securities lending program, whereby securities are transferred to independent broker-dealers and other entities for collateral with a simultaneous agreement to return the collateral for the same securities plus a fee in the future. Deutsche Bank is the agent for its securities lending program.

Deutsche Bank is authorized to lend U.S. government obligations, U.S. bonds and equities, and international bonds and equities that are being held in custody to various borrowers, such as banks and brokers. Securities are lent for cash collateral. All securities loans can be terminated on demand by either KCERA or the borrower.

U.S. securities are loaned versus collateral valued at 102% of the fair value of the securities plus any

accrued interest. Non-U.S. securities are loaned versus collateral valued at 110% of the fair value of the securities plus any accrued interest. Marking to market is performed every business day subject to *de minimis* rules of change in value; the borrower is required to deliver additional collateral when necessary so that the total collateral held by the agent will at least equal the fair value of the borrowed securities. Deutsche Bank invests cash collateral in repurchase agreements on an overnight and term basis collateralized by readily liquid and marketable securities at 102% or greater.

At June 30, 2016, KCERA had no credit risk exposure to borrowers due to the nature of the program's collateralization of loans at 102% or 110% plus accrued interest.

The tables below show the balances relating to securities lending transactions at June 30, 2016 and 2015.

As of June 30, 2016 (In thousands)

Security Type	Fair Value of Loaned Securities	
	Securitized by Cash	Cash Collateral
Equities	\$ 37,765	\$ 40,336
Corporate Bonds	28,671	29,354
Depository Receipt	462	476
Government Bonds	5,719	5,834
Total	\$ 72,617	\$ 76,000

As of June 30, 2015 (In thousands)

Security Type	Fair Value of Loaned Securities	
	Securitized by Cash	Cash Collateral
Equities	\$ 38,926	\$ 39,869
Corporate Bonds	18,132	18,586
Government Bonds	14,457	14,671
Total	\$ 71,515	\$ 73,126



NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 6 – DERIVATIVES

Description of and Authority for Derivative Investments

KCERA invests in derivative financial investments (derivative instruments) as authorized by the Board of Retirement. Investment managers may use derivatives where guidelines permit. A derivative instrument is defined as a contract that derives its value, usefulness and marketability from an underlying instrument that represents a direct ownership of an asset or a direct obligation of an issuer. Derivative instruments include, but are not limited to, futures, options, forward contracts and interest rate or commodity swap transactions. All derivatives are considered investments by KCERA.

Substitution and risk control are the two derivative strategies permitted. *Substitution strategy* is when the characteristics of the derivative sufficiently parallel that of the cash market instruments; the derivatives may be substituted on a short-term basis for the cash market instrument. *Risk control strategy* is when the characteristics of the derivative sufficiently parallel that of the cash instrument; an opposite position from the cash instrument could be taken in the derivative instrument to alter the exposure to or the risk of the cash instrument.

Portfolios may not sell securities short nor create leverage through the use of financial futures and options. Uncovered futures or options positions are prohibited.

Financial futures and options may only be used to hedge currency risk or to manage portfolio duration. Investment in structured notes is prohibited. KCERA may invest in the following:

Futures

Futures contracts are used to hedge against a possible increase in the price of currency. Futures contracts are classified by category of underlying instrument such as equity, fixed income, commodity, or cash equivalent. Derivative positions are tied to the performance of underlying securities. Futures contracts are priced “mark-to-market,” and daily settlements are recorded as investment gains or losses. Accounting for the daily mark-to-markets in this manner, the fair value of the futures contract at the end of the reporting period is the pending mark-to-market. For investment performance, risk and exposure purposes, KCERA’s custodian reports the notional fair values of futures contracts with corresponding offsets. When a futures contract is closed, futures are removed from the record with the final gain/loss equal to the fluctuation in value from the last mark-to-market to the closing value.

Options

Options are used to manage risk exposures in certain accounts as a result of asset allocation requirements or unusual flows of cash to or from such accounts. Purchased put/call options are reported as assets with cost equal to the premium amount paid at inception, and written put/call options are reported as liabilities with cost equal to the premium received at inception. During the term of the options contracts, options are revalued at the end of each reporting period. Unrealized gains and losses are reported as the difference between the premium (cost) and the current fair value. At expiration, sale, or exercise, options are removed from record, and realized gains and losses are generally recognized. Because of the nature of options transactions, notional values are not included in the Investment Derivatives Summary table on page 42.



NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 6 – DERIVATIVES (*cont.*)

Description of and Authority for Derivative Investments (*cont.*)

Swaps

Swap transactions are used to preserve a return or spread on investments to protect against currency fluctuations, as a duration management technique, or to protect against any increase in the price of securities. Because the fair values of swaps can fluctuate, swaps are represented as assets (if fair value is greater than zero) and liabilities (if fair value is less than zero). If a premium is paid or received at inception of the swap, the premium amount is generally recorded as the cost of the swap. During the term of the swap agreement, the periodic cash flows as either income or expense associated with the swap agreement. At each reporting period, swaps are revalued and unrealized gains or losses are reported. KCERA's custodian generally obtains swap valuations from a pricing vendor, the investment manager or the counterparty. At closing, KCERA's custodian removes the swap assets and liabilities from the record. The difference between any closing premium exchanged and the cost basis is recognized as realized gain or loss.

Forward Exchange Contracts

Forward exchange contracts are used for the purpose of hedging against adverse movement in currency exchange rates and to facilitate settlement of transactions in foreign securities. KCERA's reporting methodology for foreign exchange (FX) contracts reflects payables and receivables for the currencies to be exchanged while the forward FX contracts are pending; the two pending cash flows

are valued separately. The overall cost basis for a pending FX deal is zero (the net of the cost basis for the payable and receivable). Pending forward FX contracts are valued using the closing forward FX rate as of the report date. The difference between the forward rate (base fair value) at the reporting date and the contracted rate on trade date (base cost) of the forward FX contract is unrealized gain/loss. The difference between the spot rate applied at settlement date and the contracted rate on trade date is realized gain/loss at the settlement of the forward FX contract. KCERA does not discount the valuation of the anticipated cash flows associated with pending forward FX contracts.

Summary of Investment Derivatives

Investment derivative instruments are reported as investments (if fair value is greater than zero) or liabilities (if fair value is less than zero) as of fiscal year end on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position. Listed market prices are used to report the fair values for derivative instruments, if available. If listed market prices are not available for derivative instruments, the price used may be from a vendor, an investment manager or a counterparty. All changes in fair value are reported in the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position as a component of investment revenue.

As of June 30, 2016 and 2015, KCERA has the following instruments outstanding (see Summary table below), with an objective to earn a rate of return consistent with KCERA's investment policies. Notional values listed on the Summary table that are positive (assets) or negative (liabilities) are aggregated for similar derivative types.



NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 6 – DERIVATIVES (cont.)

Investment Derivative Credit Risk

The credit risk of using derivative instruments may include the risk that counterparties to contracts will not perform and/or the public exchange will not meet its obligation to assume this counterparty risk. KCERA is exposed to credit risk on investment derivatives traded over the counter and are reported in asset positions.

KCERA's derivative investment policy states that for non-exchange-traded derivative instruments, counterparty credit status shall be of the highest

caliber with care taken to avoid credit guarantees extended through to parties less credit-worthy than the primary counterparty to the transaction. Counterparty exposure is limited to firms with a short-term rating of A1/P1 or with a long-term credit rating of AA or better. Single counterparty exposure should be limited to 10% of the value of the fund.

A summary of counterparty credit ratings relating to non-exchange-traded derivatives in asset positions as of June 30, 2016, in addition to a summary of KCERA's derivatives as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, are as follows:

Investment Derivatives Summary and Summary of Credit Ratings

As of June 30, 2016 (In thousands)

Investment Derivative Type	Changes in Fair Value Gain (Loss)	Fair Value	Notional Value	S&P Credit Rating				
				AA	A	BBB	Exchange Traded	Not Available
Futures	\$ 3,147	\$ -	\$ (44,782)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Options	939	(24)	13	(5)	1	-	(17)	(4)
Swaps	(3,169)	(7,498)	-	-	(6)	(123)	-	45
Foreign Exchange Contracts	(821)	148	-	-	-	-	-	148
Rights/Warrants Equity Contracts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Value	\$ 96	\$ (7,374)	\$ (44,769)					
Total Subject to Credit Risk				\$ (5)	\$ (5)	\$ (123)	\$ (17)	\$ 189

As of June 30, 2015 (In thousands)

Investment Derivative Type	Changes in Fair Value Gain (Loss)	Fair Value	Notional Value	S&P Credit Rating				
				AA	A	BBB	Exchange Traded	Not Available
Futures	\$ (711)	\$ -	\$(245,499)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Options	1,037	(212)	(2)	(3)	(56)	(19)	(136)	-
Swaps	(1,002)	1,344	-	-	197	(3)	-	21
Foreign Exchange Contracts	1,966	(255)	-	-	-	-	-	(255)
Rights/Warrants Equity Contracts	51	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Value	\$ 1,341	\$ 877	\$(245,501)					
Total Subject to Credit Risk				\$ (3)	\$ 141	\$ (22)	\$ (136)	\$ (234)

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 6 – DERIVATIVES (cont.)

Investment Derivative Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. KCERA measures derivative interest rate

risk using duration. At June 30, 2016 and 2015, KCERA had the following investment derivative interest rate risks:

As of June 30, 2016

(In thousands)

Derivative Investment Type	Notional Value	Fair Value	< 3 Months	3 to 6 Months	6 to 12 Months	1 to 5 Years	5 to 10 Years	10+ Years
Futures	\$ (44,782)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Options	13	(24)	(26)	(2)	-	4	-	-
Swaps	-	(7,498)	-	3	-	(479)	(3,349)	(3,672)
Forward Exchange Contracts	-	148	77	67	3	-	-	-
Rights/Warrants Equity Contracts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	\$ (44,769)	\$ (7,374)	\$ 51	\$ 68	\$ 3	\$(475)	\$(3,349)	\$(3,672)

As of June 30, 2015

(In thousands)

Derivative Investment Type	Notional Value	Fair Value	< 3 Months	3 to 6 Months	6 to 12 Months	1 to 5 Years	5 to 10 Years	10+ Years
Futures	\$(245,499)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Options	(2)	(212)	(196)	(16)	-	-	-	-
Swaps	-	1,344	-	-	3	168	230	943
Forward Exchange Contracts	-	(255)	(318)	3	60	-	-	-
Rights/Warrants Equity Contracts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	\$(245,501)	\$ 877	\$ (514)	\$ (13)	\$ 63	\$ 168	\$ 230	\$ 943



NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 6 – DERIVATIVES (cont.)

Investment Derivative Foreign Currency Risk
Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in currency exchange rates will adversely affect the

fair value of an investment. At June 30, 2016 and 2015, KCERA had the derivative foreign currency exposures listed in the table below.

As of June 30, 2016
(In thousands)

	Foreign Currency	Fair Value (USD)
Cash Collateral/Variation Margin	Canadian Dollar	\$ 217
	Euro	98
	British Pound Sterling	37
	Japanese Yen	17
Foreign Exchange Contracts	Australian Dollar	638
	Chinese Yuan Renminbi	(1,658)
	Danish Krone	(11)
	Euro	(681)
	British Pound Sterling	501
	Japanese Yen	182
	South Korean Won	(3,105)
	Mexican Peso	1,017
	Malaysian Ringgit	(695)
	Russian Ruble	(117)
	Singapore Dollar	(1,303)
Options	New Taiwan Dollar	(591)
	Australian Dollar	(5)
Swaps	Canadian Dollar	(195)
	Euro	153
	British Pound Sterling	51
Total Foreign Derivatives		\$ (5,450)

As of June 30, 2015
(In thousands)

	Foreign Currency	Fair Value (USD)	
Foreign Exchange Contracts	Australian Dollar	\$ 34	
	Brazilian Real	(100)	
	Canadian Dollar	(108)	
	Danish Krone	(15)	
	Euro	(15,926)	
	Indian Rupee	779	
	Japanese Yen	(5,865)	
	Mexican Peso	(102)	
	Russian Ruble	(1,802)	
	Options	Euro	(48)
		British Pound Sterling	(13)
Swaps	Mexican Peso	8	
Total Foreign Derivatives		\$ (23,158)	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 7 – CONTRIBUTIONS

Following the establishment of KCERA on January 1, 1945, eligible employees and their beneficiaries became entitled to pension, disability and survivors' benefits under the provisions of the CERL. As a condition of participation under the provisions of the CERL, members are required to pay a percentage of their salaries, depending upon their age at date of entry in the Plan, membership type and benefit tier.

The funding objective of the KCERA Board of Retirement is to provide sufficient assets to permit the payment of all regular benefits promised under KCERA, and to minimize the volatility of contribution rates (for the participating employers and members) from year to year as a percentage of covered payroll. There are three sources of funding for KCERA retirement benefits: employer contributions, member contributions and investment earnings of KCERA.

Total contributions made during fiscal years 2016 and 2015, respectively, amounted to approximately \$268.0 million and \$245.8 million, of which \$234.7 million and \$215.5 million were contributed by employers, and \$33.3 million and \$30.3 million were contributed by members.

Pension Obligation Bonds

In 1995 and 2003, the County of Kern issued pension obligation bonds and contributed \$224.5 million and \$285.1 million to the Plan, respectively. Special districts did not participate in the funding provided by pension obligation bonds. Therefore, different employer contribution rates are required to fund the unfunded liabilities for each class of participation.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment

On April 1, 1973, an annual cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) of up to 2% for all retirees and continuance beneficiaries was adopted. The 2% COLA was funded entirely from the unreserved fund balance until February 5, 1983. After this date and prior to fiscal year 2003, funding of the 2% COLA was included in the employers' contributions. In fiscal year 2002, the County of Kern activated Government Code Section 31617, which provides that COLAs shall be funded first from excess earnings, to the extent of such excess, and thereafter from employer contributions. In fiscal year 2015, the Plan had no excess earnings; \$0 was reserved to fund the employer COLA contributions in fiscal year 2016.

Employer Contributions

Each year, an actuarial valuation is performed for the purpose of determining the funded position of the retirement plan and the employer contributions that are necessary to pay benefits accruing to KCERA members not otherwise funded by member contributions or investment earnings. The employer contribution rates are actuarially determined by using the Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost method. The Plan's employer rates provide for both normal cost and a contribution to amortize any unfunded or overfunded actuarial accrued liabilities. Contribution rates determined in each actuarial valuation (as of June 30) apply to the fiscal year beginning 12 months after the valuation date. Employer rates for fiscal year 2016 ranged from 30.28% to 62.97% of covered payroll, with a combined average of 45.11% for all employers.



NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 7 – CONTRIBUTIONS (*cont.*)

Member Contributions

Member contributions are made through payroll deductions on a pre-tax basis, per IRS Code Section 414(h)(2). Member contribution rates for fiscal year 2016 ranged from 4.45% to 18.48% and were applied to the member's base pay plus compensable special pay; they were calculated based on the member's KCERA entry age and actuarially calculated benefits. Members are required to contribute depending on the member's tier, employer and bargaining unit. For certain safety bargaining units, a flat member contribution rate is applied. New members (PEPRA) hired on or after January 1, 2013 pay a flat member contribution rate: 50% of normal cost plus COLA.

For members covered by Social Security, the member contribution rates above apply to monthly salaries over \$350. (A one-third reduction in the rates applies to the first \$350 of monthly salary.)

As a result of the 1997 Memorandum of Understanding (MOU), some members received an employer "pick up" of their contributions. General members hired after MOU-specified dates in 2004 or 2005 and safety members hired after MOU-specified dates in 2007 were required to pay 100% of the employees' retirement contributions, without the employer paying any part of the employees' contributions. Effective in 2014, non-contributing County general and safety members were required to pay one-third of their employee contributions. Buttonwillow Recreation and Park District and San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District did not elect the 1997 MOU. Buttonwillow employees continue to pay 50% of their full rates. San Joaquin's Tier I members pay 28% of the normal cost rate as of June 30, 2016. Employees of the Kern County Superior Court are now required to pay an additional 8% of base salary.

Interest is credited to member contributions semi-annually on June 30 and December 31, in accordance with Article 5.5 of the CERL. Member contributions and credited interest are refundable upon termination of membership.

NOTE 8 – RESERVE ACCOUNTS AND DESIGNATIONS OF NET POSITION

Member and employer contributions are allocated to various legally required reserve accounts based on actuarial determinations. Member, employer, and retired members' reserves are fully funded. KCERA maintains the following reserve and designation accounts:

Members' Deposit Reserve – member contributions and interest allocation to fund member retirement benefits.

Employers' Advance Reserve – employer contributions and interest allocation to fund member retirement benefits.

Cost-of-Living Reserve – employer contributions and interest allocation to fund annual cost-of-living increases for retirees and the continuance beneficiaries.

Retired Members' Reserve – transfers from members' deposit reserve and employers' advance reserve, and interest allocation for funding of retirees' and their beneficiaries' monthly annuity payments.

Supplemental Retiree Benefit Reserve – monies reserved for enhanced, non-vested benefits to current and future retired members and their beneficiaries.

COLA Contribution Reserve – monies reserved to credit future employer COLA contributions.

Contingency Reserve – excess income to supplement deficient earnings. The contingency reserve satisfies the Government Code Section 31616 requirement for KCERA to reserve at least 1% of assets, up to a maximum of 3% of assets. At fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, -0.46% of the Plan's net position were in contingencies, according to the Board of Retirement's Interest Credit Policy.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 8 – RESERVE ACCOUNTS AND DESIGNATIONS OF NET POSITION *(cont.)*

Balances in these reserve accounts and designations of net position available for pension and other benefits at June 30, 2016 and 2015 (under the

five-year smoothed market asset valuation method for actuarial valuation purposes) are as follows:

(In thousands)

Reserve Account	2016	2015
Members' Deposit Reserve – General	\$ 207,468	\$ 194,641
Members' Deposit Reserve – Safety	91,699	81,180
Members' Deposit Reserve – Special District	21,233	19,627
Employers' Advance Reserve – General	336,966	325,739
Employers' Advance Reserve – Safety	350,036	318,064
Employers' Advance Reserve – Special District	37,855	36,403
Cost-of-Living Reserve – General	610,830	572,232
Cost-of-Living Reserve – Safety	431,644	403,015
Cost-of-Living Reserve – Special District	43,278	39,509
Retired Members' Reserve – General	1,043,456	1,011,762
Retired Members' Reserve – Safety	469,442	481,277
Supplemental Retiree Benefit Reserve (SRBR)	121,471	121,267
SRBR allocated for 0.5% COLA	57,894	62,692
Contingency Reserve	(16,355)	(16,355)
Total reserves at five-year smoothed market actuarial valuation	\$ 3,806,917	\$ 3,651,053
Market Stabilization Reserve*	(235,330)	(25,960)
Total Fiduciary Net Position – Restricted for Pension Benefits	\$ 3,571,587	\$ 3,625,093

* *The Market Stabilization Reserve represents the difference between the five-year smoothed fair value of the fund and the fair value as of the fiscal year end.*



NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 9 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Capital Commitments

In fiscal year 2013, KCERA’s Board approved funding new direct hedge fund managers. As of June 30, 2016, KCERA had funded \$322.7 million between fifteen hedge funds managers – and may hire one or two more – to reach a target hedge fund allocation of 10% of the total portfolio.

As of June 30, 2016, KCERA’s Board also had committed \$602.5 million to the private assets and real estate funds listed in the table below, with fair value totaling \$241.9 million. The general partner draws down invested capital from all limited partners, when necessary, to fund investments.

NOTE 10 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Office Lease

KCERA, as the sole shareholder, formed a title holding corporation, KCERA Property, Inc. (KPI) for the purpose of accommodating the administrative offices of the Plan. In October 2010, KCERA entered into its Build to Suit Lease agreement with KPI to occupy 14,348 square feet. KCERA is required to pay a monthly rate of \$1.75 per square foot as well as taxes, insurance and operating costs as defined in the agreement. The base rent was subject to an automatic 10.4% increase beginning on the fifth anniversary of the commencement date and on each fifth year anniversary date thereafter during the lease term. The sum of payments due for fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 is \$322,199 for base rent and \$10,763 for HVAC maintenance, insurance and assessment fees. KCERA’s base rent and other costs are abated from KPI’s rental income.

As of June 30, 2016 (In thousands)

Fund	Commitments	Amounts Funded	Distributions	Fair Value
Abbott Capital Private Equity Fund IV	\$ 50,000	\$ 48,150	\$ 68,400	\$ 14,936
Abbott Capital Private Equity Fund V	65,000	61,425	58,500	28,435
Abbott Capital Private Equity Fund VI	50,000	44,250	16,250	41,226
Colony Distressed Credit and Special Situations Fund IV	60,000	22,352	-	21,527
Fidelity Real Estate Growth Fund III	100,000	89,254	103,633	16,360
Invesco Real Estate Fund III	60,000	52,605	38,619	33,672
Invesco U.S. Value-Add Fund IV	50,000	12,125	-	13,762
Pantheon USA Fund III	7,500	7,335	8,198	91
Pantheon USA Fund V	25,000	23,625	31,300	6,062
Pantheon USA Fund VI	35,000	33,075	32,935	17,197
Pantheon USA Fund VII	50,000	45,700	35,525	36,184
Pantheon Global Secondary Fund III “B”	50,000	47,300	39,200	12,471
Total	\$ 602,500	\$ 487,196	\$ 432,560	\$ 241,923



NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 11 – NET PENSION LIABILITY

The components of the net pension liability are as follows:

	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015
Total Pension Liability	\$ 5,985,226,950	\$ 5,828,191,122
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	<u>(3,571,587,594)</u>	<u>(3,625,093,183)</u>
Net Pension Liability	\$ 2,413,639,356	\$ 2,203,097,939
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as Percentage of Total Pension Liability	59.67%	62.20%

The Plan's Fiduciary Net Position includes assets held for the Supplemental Retire Benefit Reserve (SRBR). A split of the Total Pension Liability (TPL), Plan's Fiduciary Net Position (FNP) and

Net Pension Liability (NPL) by the regular benefits (non-SRBR) and the SRBR benefits as of June 30, 2016 is shown in the table below.

	Regular Benefits (Non-SRBR)	SRBR Benefits	Total KCERA
Total Pension Liability	\$ 5,919,517,878	\$ 65,709,072	\$ 5,985,226,950
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 3,450,116,704	\$ 121,470,890	\$ 3,571,587,594
Net Pension Liability (Assets)	\$ 2,469,401,174	\$ (55,761,818)	\$ 2,413,639,356

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016 and 2015. Plan fiduciary net position (plan assets) was valued as of the measurement date while the total pension liability was determined based upon rolling forward the total pension liability from actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Plan provisions. The plan provisions used in the measurement of the net pension liability are the same as those used in the KCERA actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively. The TPL and the Plan's Fiduciary Net Position include liabilities and assets held for the Supplemental Retiree Benefit Reserve (SRBR).

Actuarial assumptions and methods. The total pension liabilities as of June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015 were determined by actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively. The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an experience study for the period from July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2013. They are the same assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 funding valuation for KCERA. The following actuarial assumptions were applied to all periods included in the measurement:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 11 – NET PENSION LIABILITY (cont.)

<i>Inflation:</i>	3.25%
<i>Salary Increases:</i>	General: 4.25% to 9.25%. Safety: 4.25% to 11.75%. Varies by service, including inflation.
<i>Investment Rate of Return:</i>	7.50%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation.
<i>Administrative Expenses:</i>	0.90% of payroll allocated to both the employer and member based on the components of the total average contribution rate (before expenses) for the employer and member.
<i>Other Assumptions:</i>	See analysis of actuarial experience from July 1, 2010 - June 30, 2013.

The Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method used in KCERA's annual actuarial valuation has also been applied in measuring the Service Cost and TPL with one exception. For purposes of measuring the Service Cost and TPL, we have reflected the same plan provisions used in determining the member's Actuarial Present Value of Projected Benefits. This is different from the version of this method applied in KCERA's annual funding valuation, where the Normal Cost and Actuarial Accrued Liability are determined as if the current benefit accrual rate had always been in effect.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-

block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. This data is combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and projected arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, after deducting inflation but before investment expenses, used in the derivation of the long-term expected investment rate of return assumption are summarized below:

	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	Weighted Average
Large Cap U.S. Equity	19%	5.92%	1.12%
Small/Mid-Cap U.S. Equity	4%	6.49%	0.26%
Developed International Equity	18%	6.90%	1.24%
Emerging Markets Equity	4%	8.34%	0.33%
Core Bonds	18%	0.73%	0.13%
High Yield Bonds	4%	2.67%	0.11%
Emerging Market Debt	4%	4.00%	0.16%
TIPS	3%	0.35%	0.01%
Real Estate	5%	4.96%	0.25%
Commodities	6%	4.35%	0.26%
Hedge Funds	10%	4.30%	0.43%
Private Equity	5%	8.10%	0.41%
Total	100%		7.96%*

* Includes inflation at 3.25%.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 11 – NET PENSION LIABILITY *(cont.)*

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50% as of June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rates assumed member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates.

For this purpose, only employee and employer contributions intended to fund benefits for current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions intended to fund the service costs for future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan’s fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected

rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of both June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015.

The discount rate assumptions have been developed without taking into consideration any impact of the 50/50 allocation of future excess earnings between the retirement and Supplement Retirement Benefit Reserve (SRBR) asset pools.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability as of June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, calculated using a discount rate of 7.50%, and what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one point lower (6.50%) or one point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.50%)	Current Rate (7.50%)	1% Increase (8.50%)
Net Pension Liability as of June 30, 2016	\$ 3,185,339,715	\$ 2,413,639,356	\$ 1,774,768,225
Net Pension Liability as of June 30, 2015	\$ 2,961,388,125	\$ 2,203,097,939	\$ 1,575,839,487



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015

**SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS
FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015**

	2016	2015
<i>Total Pension Liability:</i>		
Service Cost	\$ 123,181,283	\$ 125,160,810
Interest	427,646,235	415,820,074
Change of Benefit Terms	-	5,035,737
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	(105,053,516)	(89,306,426)
Changes of Assumptions	-	-
Benefit Payments, including Refunds	<u>(288,738,174)</u>	<u>(273,864,680)</u>
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	\$ 157,035,828	\$ 182,845,515
<i>Total Pension Liability – Beginning of Year</i>	<u>5,828,191,122</u>	<u>5,645,345,607</u>
<i>Total Pension Liability – End of Year (a)</i>	<u>\$ 5,985,226,950</u>	<u>\$ 5,828,191,122</u>
<i>Plan Fiduciary Net Position:</i>		
Contributions – Employer	\$ 234,713,690	\$ 215,476,956
Contributions – Employee	33,278,504	30,324,848
Net Investment Income	(27,535,157)	81,931,170
Benefit Payments, including Refunds	(288,738,174)	(273,864,680)
Administrative Expense	(5,224,452)	(4,886,637)
Other	-	-
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	<u>\$ (53,505,589)</u>	<u>\$ 48,981,657</u>
<i>Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Beginning of Year</i>	<u>3,625,093,183</u>	<u>3,576,111,526</u>
<i>Plan Fiduciary Net Position – End of Year (b)</i>	<u>\$ 3,571,587,594</u>	<u>\$ 3,625,093,183</u>
<i>Net Pension Liability: (a) - (b)</i>	<u>\$ 2,413,639,356</u>	<u>\$ 2,203,097,939</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	59.67%	62.20%
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 537,539,991	\$ 531,598,183
Plan Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	449.02%	414.43%

Benefit change: The SRBR death benefit increased from \$3,000 to \$5,000, effective January 1, 2015.

Covered employee payroll represents compensation earnable and pensionable compensation. Only compensation earnable and pensionable compensation that would possibly go into the determination of retirement benefits are included.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Year Ended June 30	Actuarially Determined Contributions	Contributions in Relation to Actuarially Determined Contributions	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Employee Payroll	Contributions as % of Covered Employee Payroll
2007	\$ 128,135,000	\$ 128,135,000	0	\$ 453,412,000	28.26%
2008	\$ 137,264,000	\$ 137,264,000	0	\$ 482,879,000	28.43%
2009	\$ 138,815,000	\$ 138,815,000	0	\$ 482,879,000	28.74%
2010	\$ 151,127,000	\$ 151,127,000	0	\$ 559,872,000	26.99%
2011	\$ 177,444,000	\$ 177,444,000	0	\$ 559,380,000	31.72%
2012	\$ 189,837,000	\$ 189,837,000	0	\$ 526,079,162	36.09%
2013	\$ 211,677,000	\$ 211,677,000	0	\$ 516,465,189	40.99%
2014	\$ 220,393,000	\$ 220,393,000	0	\$ 533,850,811	41.28%
2015	\$ 215,477,000	\$ 215,477,000	0	\$ 531,598,183	40.53%
2016	\$ 234,714,000	\$ 234,717,000	0	\$ 537,539,991	43.66%

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Methods and used assumptions to establish “actuarially determined contribution” rates:

Valuation date Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method

Amortization method Level percent of payroll for total unfunded liability (assuming 3.75% payroll increase)

Remaining amortization period 19.5 years as of June 30, 2016 for all UAAL as of June 30, 2011. Effective June 30, 2012, any changes in UAAL due to actuarial gains or losses or due to changes in actuarial assumptions or methods will be amortized over an 18-year closed period effective with each valuation. Any change in unfunded actuarial accrued liability that arises due to plan amendments is amortized over its own declining 15-year period (with exception of a change due to retirement incentives, which is amortized over a declining period of up to 5 years).

Asset valuation method Fair value of assets less unrecognized returns in each of the last five years. Unrecognized returns are equal to the difference between the actual market return and the expected return on a fair value basis and are recognized semi-annually over a five-year period. The Actuarial Value of Assets is reduced by the value of the non-valuation reserves. Deferred gains and losses as of June 30, 2011 have been combined and will be recognized in nine equal semi-annual amounts over a period of four and a half years from that date.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (cont.)

	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015
Actuarial Assumptions:		
<i>Investment rate of return</i>	7.50%, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.50%, net of investment expenses, including inflation
<i>Inflation rate</i>	3.25%	3.25%
<i>Real across-the-board salary increase</i>	0.50%	0.50%
<i>Projected salary increases*</i>	General: 4.25% to 9.25% Safety: 4.25% to 11.75%	General: 4.25% to 9.25% Safety: 4.25% to 11.75%
<i>Administrative expenses</i>	0.90% of payroll allocated to both the employer and member based on the components of the total average contribution rate (before expenses) for the employer and member	0.90% of payroll allocated to both the employer and member based on the components of the total average contribution rate (before expenses) for the employer and member
<i>Cost-of-living adjustments</i>	2.5% (actual increases based on CPI increases with a 2.5% maximum)	2.5% (actual increases based on CPI increases with a 2.5% maximum)
<i>Other assumptions</i>	Same as those used in the June 30, 2016 funding actuarial valuation	Same as those used in the June 30, 2015 funding actuarial valuation

* Includes inflation at 3.25% plus real across-the-board salary increase of 0.75% plus merit and promotional increases.

**SCHEDULE OF MONEY-WEIGHTED RATE OF RETURNS
FOR LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30**

	2016	2015	2014	2013
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return <i>(net of investment expenses)</i>	0.3%	3.0%	15.5%	10.8%

Data is provided only for those years for which information is available.



OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

**SCHEDULE OF ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES
FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015**

	2016	2015
<i>Staffing:</i>		
Salaries	\$ 1,630,998	\$ 1,698,556
Benefits	1,340,845	1,259,589
Temporary staff	<u>16,731</u>	<u>60,627</u>
Staffing Total	2,988,574	3,018,772
<i>Staff Development</i>	\$ 45,853	\$ 33,716
<i>Professional Fees:</i>		
Actuarial fees	\$ 53,672	\$ 42,309
Audit fees	45,045	33,000
Back file/microfiche conversion	109,031	-
Consultant fees	79,100	47,313
Legal fees	<u>89,342</u>	<u>71,505</u>
Professional Fees Total	376,190	194,127
<i>Office Expenses:</i>		
Building expenses	\$ 42,683	\$ 44,748
Communications	14,462	17,278
Equipment lease	13,506	12,727
Equipment maintenance	9,646	29,299
Memberships	8,974	7,920
Office supplies & misc. admin.	28,068	29,814
Payroll & accounts payable fees	5,885	5,930
Postage	20,435	16,811
Subscriptions	6,862	5,604
Utilities	<u>37,569</u>	<u>44,503</u>
Office Expenses Total	188,090	214,634
<i>Insurance</i>	\$ 107,055	\$ 115,235
<i>Member Services:</i>		
Benefit payment fees	\$ 54,538	\$ 64,417
Disability - legal fees	24,362	34,396
Disability - medical advisors	43,836	68,376
Disability - professional services	9,230	52,667
Member communications	<u>24,364</u>	<u>17,500</u>
Members Services Total	156,332	237,355

See accompanying independent auditors' report. Schedule continued on next page.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

**SCHEDULE OF ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES
FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015 (cont.)**

	2016	2015
<i>Systems:</i>		
Audit - security & vulner. scan	\$ 8,575	\$ 8,741
Business continuity expenses	69,499	9,805
Hardware	55,363	16,905
Licensing & support	363,462	308,828
Member self-serve portal	42,240	-
Software	29,975	14,845
Website design	-	19,325
Systems Total	<u>569,113</u>	<u>378,449</u>
<i>Board of Retirement:</i>		
Board compensation	\$ 14,598	\$ 12,057
Board conferences & training	27,512	23,152
Board elections	14,046	2,108
Board meetings	<u>2,057</u>	<u>2,542</u>
Board of Retirement Total	<u>58,212</u>	<u>39,859</u>
<i>Depreciation / Amortization</i>	\$ 735,032	\$ 654,405
Total Administrative Expenses	\$ 5,224,452	\$ 4,886,552



OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

**SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT EXPENSES
FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015**

	2016	2015
<i>Investment Manager Fees:</i>		
Equity	\$ 7,092,156	\$ 7,010,513
Fixed Income	1,978,271	2,396,733
Commodities	729,346	591,917
Real Estate	1,884,677	2,194,182
Private Equity/Credit Funds	2,243,330	2,208,981
Hedge Funds	<u>5,001,057</u>	<u>8,074,831</u>
Total Investment Manager Fees	18,928,837	22,477,157
<i>Other Investment Expenses:</i>		
Custodian	347,819	335,625
Actuarial Valuation	259,961	213,094
Investment Consultants	745,000	745,000
Legal Fees	91,574	80,588
Due Diligence	14,626	15,750
Real Estate	<u>31,630</u>	<u>24,287</u>
Total Other Investment Expenses	1,490,610	1,414,344
Total Fees and Other Investment Expenses	\$ 20,419,447	\$ 23,891,501
<i>Security Lending Rebates and Bank Fees</i>	65,138	(57,167)
Total Investment Expenses	\$ 20,484,585	\$ 23,834,334

See accompanying independent auditors' report.



OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF PAYMENTS TO CONSULTANTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015

Individual or Firm	Nature of Service	Commission / Fee	
		2016	2015
Cortex Applied Research, Inc.	Policy Consultants	\$ 40,200	\$ 46,787
The Segal Company	Actuarial Services	53,672	42,309
Kern County Counsel	Legal Counsel	25,009	34,833
Hanson Bridgett	Legal Counsel	12,046	7,479
Nossaman LLP	Legal Counsel	36,482	18,210
Ice Miller	Legal Counsel	23,521	30,424
Reed Smith LLP	Legal Counsel	14,145	14,455
PAS Associates	Personnel Consultants	-	527
Alliance Resources Consulting	Personnel Consultants	27,500	-
Ralph Anderson & Associates	Compensation Study	11,400	-
CliftonLarsonAllen	External Auditors	45,045	33,000
Fluxar Studios	Website Design	-	19,325
Agility Recovery Solutions	Disaster Recovery	7,378	9,805
Aurora Systems Consulting	System Audit	8,575	8,740
BMI Imaging Systems	Back Filing	38,693	-
Fidelity National Tech. Imaging	Back Filing	69,332	-
Total Payments to Consultants		\$ 412,998	\$ 265,894

These payments were made to outside consultants other than investment professionals. A Schedule of Investment Fees is presented on pages 73-75 in the Investment Section.

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

SECTION III

Investment

KCERA

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October 7, 2016

Ms. Gloria Dominguez
Executive Director
Kern County Employees' Retirement Association
11125 River Run Boulevard
Bakersfield, CA 93311

Dear Ms. Dominguez,

Verus is pleased to have had the opportunity to serve the Kern County Employees' Retirement Association since July 2011 and to provide this investment review for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016.

Verus independently calculated the Fund's fiscal year performance results utilizing a time-weighted annualized rate of return methodology (modified Dietz method) with data on market valuations and transactions provided by the Fund's custodian bank, the Northern Trust Company. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, KCERA's retirement fund had an investment gain of 0.1% (gross of fees) and -0.5% (net of fees) and ended the fiscal year with total assets of approximately \$3.56 billion.

All of KCERA's investments are managed according to guidelines codified in KCERA's Statement of Investment Goals, Objectives and Policies. This Statement is reviewed periodically to ensure best practices are employed in all aspects of our work and was last updated in March 2016.

Capital Markets Review

Although the economy and financial markets have come a long way since the credit crisis, risk markets have offered institutional investors little to work with over the past year. U.S. equities measured by the broad based Russell 3000 provided a 2.1% return. U.S. fixed income actually outperformed equities over the period as the Barclay's U.S. Aggregate delivered 6.0% for the period. International equities of developed nations pulled back 9.7% over the fiscal year as measured by the MSCI EAFE Index, and emerging markets also faced adverse conditions as the MSCI EM index fell 11.8% over the same period. Real Estate's solid performance continued with the NCREIF-ODCE index advancing 11.8% for the fiscal year.

During December 2015, the Fed raised the target interest rate 25 bps, which was the first rate hike in 10 years. The hike served as a signal of strength and confidence in the economy, and the markets reacted positively to the move. In contrast, the European Central Bank and Bank of Japan have both

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instituted a negative interest rate policy, which may be attractive to borrowers, but is not helpful to lenders and investors. In fact, bond yield curves in both Germany and Japan are negative out to 15 years which is nudging investors into riskier assets to achieve return targets.

The Brexit referendum was the latest major economic event of the fiscal year, occurring on June 23, 2016. Britain was expected to remain part of the European Union according to many experts prior to the vote. However, the popular vote actually called for Britain to withdraw from the EU and the unexpected outcome pushed global markets into a bout of volatility. Although the markets fell quickly, nearly all the losses in major markets were recovered by the fiscal year end on June 30th.

Despite the issues and concerns around the globe, economic conditions here in the U.S. are decent. In terms of key economic indicators, the U.S. ended the year with GDP at about 2%, unemployment around 5%, and inflation at about 1%. While these figures are not anything to get excited about, they compare favorably to economic conditions in most of the rest of the world.

Asset Allocation

At fiscal year-end, KCERA's asset allocation was broadly in line with Investment Policy targets, as shown in the table below:

Asset Class	Target	Year-End Allocation*
Domestic Equity	23%	27.1%
International Equity	22%	20.5%
Fixed Income	29%	28.6%
Real Estate	5%	5.1%
Hedge Funds	10%	9.2%
Private Equity	5%	4.5%
Commodities	6%	3.8%
Opportunistic	0%	0.6%
Cash	0%	0.6%

**May not sum to 100% due to rounding*

Investment Performance

The total fund's investment performance fell short of the actuarial assumed rate of return for the fiscal year as risk markets weakened. Investment highlights for the fiscal year include:

- KCERA's total fund returned 0.1% for the fiscal year, versus the policy return of 0.4%. Performance within the Plan's fixed income, commodities, and hedge funds allocations detracted from returns relative to the policy.



- KCERA's Domestic Equity composite return of 4.0% outperformed the benchmark Russell 3000 Index that returned 2.1% during the period.
- The International Equity allocation returned -9.0% versus an index return of -9.8% for the year, with three of the six international equity managers outperforming their assigned benchmark.
- KCERA's Fixed Income composite, which includes a broad selection of domestic and international bonds, returned 4.2% but underperformed the Barclays Aggregate Bond Index by 180 basis points. Allocations to emerging market debt and to a lesser extent, high yield fixed income, weighed on returns.
- The Plan's Real Estate allocation includes two open-end funds that invest in mostly income generating core properties, and three closed-end funds invested in value-added strategies. Overall, the real estate portfolio returned 13.9% for the year, outperforming the benchmark return of 11.8%.
- The direct hedge fund portfolio delivered a return of -3.6% and underperformed its custom benchmark, which returned 2.5%.

As always, Verus greatly appreciates the opportunity to assist the KCERA Board in meeting the Plan's long-term investment objectives. We look forward to continuing in our role of investment advisor and providing guidance to help navigate ever-changing capital markets.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read "S. Whalen".

Scott J. Whalen, CFA
Managing Director, Executive Vice President



**OUTLINE OF INVESTMENT POLICIES
ADOPTED BY THE BOARD OF RETIREMENT
MARCH 9, 2016**

General Information

The Board of Retirement (the Board) has exclusive control of the investments of the retirement fund and, therefore, establishes investment policies and implements investment decisions. The overall objective of KCERA's investment program is to prudently invest assets such as to offset some of the costs of the Plan in providing the retirement benefits required by the County Employees' Retirement Law of 1937.

The Board is governed by the Government Code Sections 31594 and 31595 which provides a standard of care commonly known as the "prudent expert rule," a rule which recognizes that special skill and knowledge may be necessary in order to invest the fund prudently. Accordingly, the Board retains a number of professional investment advisers and investment consultants. The Board is required to diversify the investments of the Plan so as to minimize the risk of loss and to maximize the rate of return, unless it is clearly prudent not to do so.

The Board consists of nine members and two alternate members. Four members of the Board are appointed by the Kern County Board of Supervisors; the County Treasurer-Tax Collector is a statutory member of the Board; and four members are elected by active and retired members of KCERA.

Summary of Investment Guidelines

The Board of Retirement has adopted an Investment Policy Statement to serve as the framework for investment policy-making and investment objective setting within the context of applicable California laws. The Statement establishes invest-

ment guidelines, objectives, and policies and defines the responsibilities of the Board members in regard to KCERA's investments. The investment philosophy articulated in the Statement are, in outline, as follows:

- Protecting the corpus of the Fund;
- Managing the Fund in a prudent manner, recognizing risk and return trade-offs;
- Earning adequate investment returns in order to protect and pay the benefits promised to the participants with a minimum amount of associated risk;
- Maintaining sufficient liquidity to fund expenses and benefit payments as they come due; and
- Complying with applicable law.

Summary of Proxy Voting Guidelines

The Board has established a set of policies for dealing with proxies, the KCERA Proxy Voting Policy. This policy considers shareholder voting on corporate issues to represent assets of the Plan to be voted in the best interests of the beneficiaries of the Plan. The voting of proxies is delegated to a third party to vote on behalf of the Board according to the guidelines established in the policy. The Board is responsible to monitor proxy voting to see that its policies are implemented effectively.



Kern County Employees' Retirement Association

ASSET ALLOCATION

The Board of Retirement periodically establishes an asset allocation policy aimed at achieving a long-term rate of return on the fund's investments such as to prudently add income to the fund to help provide the benefits promised. The asset allocation statement provides a target allocation or weighting to each of the broad investment classes of assets along with allowable ranges of weightings around each target weight. The target weights are viewed as longer-term objectives to be funded in a manner consistent with efficiency and cost savings. The asset allocation policy provides the target level of diversification among asset classes anticipated for the future. Asset allocation is reviewed on an annual basis to assure that the expectations and assumptions incorporated in the policy remain valid and appropriate. Investment performance is monitored on quarterly, annual and multi-year basis. The asset allocation of the fund is rebalanced, as needed, but in view of the costs of such transactions, as well.

The Board engages external professional investment advisers to invest various portions of the fund. The advisers are, however, constrained to invest as provided in KCERA's investment policies and allocation guidelines. Investment advisers formally notice their compliance with such policies and their portfolios are scrutinized for such compliance at regular intervals. The investment consultant and KCERA's chief investment officer participates in policy formulation and searches for new managers, as well as the termination of existing managers failing to perform or otherwise out of compliance with their investment mandates.

The Board of Retirement adopted the current asset allocation policy in March 2016. The target asset allocation and the actual asset allocation as of June 30, 2016 are as follows:

Asset Class	Actual	Target	Target Ranges	
			Minimum	Maximum
Domestic Equity	27.1%	23.0%	10.0%	33.0%
International Equity	20.5%	22.0%	12.0%	32.0%
Global Fixed Income	28.6%	29.0%	19.0%	39.0%
Real Estate	5.1%	5.0%	0.0%	10.0%
Private Equity	4.5%	5.0%	0.0%	10.0%
Hedge Funds	9.2%	10.0%	0.0%	15.0%
Commodities	3.8%	6.0%	0.0%	8.0%
Opportunistic	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%	10.0%
Cash and Equivalents	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%	5.0%
Total	100.0%	100.0%		



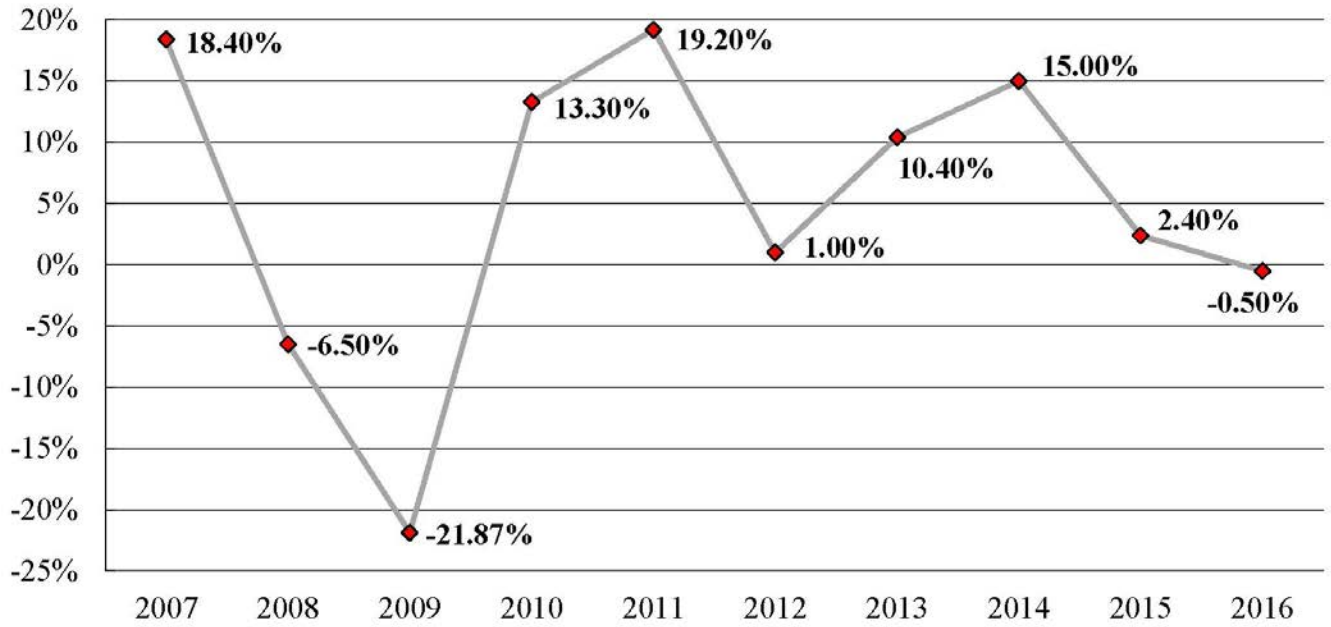
Kern County Employees' Retirement Association

**INVESTMENT SUMMARY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016**

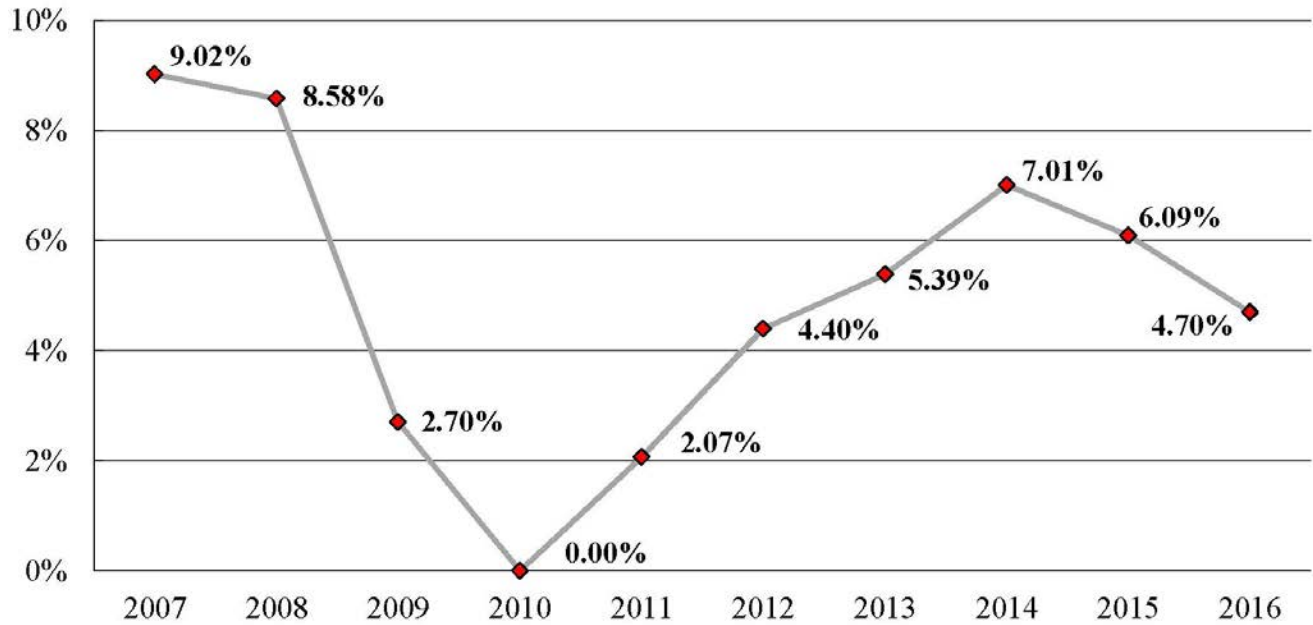
Type of Investment	Fair Value (In thousands)	% of Total Fair Value
<i>Domestic Equities</i>		
All Cap Passive	\$ 209,674	5.88
Large Cap Enhanced	385,822	10.82
Large Cap	238,586	6.69
Small Cap Growth	64,514	1.81
Small Cap Value	<u>65,494</u>	<u>1.84</u>
Total Domestic Equities	964,090	27.03
<i>International Equities</i>		
Large Cap	479,673	13.45
Small Cap	119,364	3.35
Emerging Markets	<u>132,043</u>	<u>3.70</u>
Total International Equities	731,080	20.50
<i>Fixed Income</i>		
Core	250,681	7.03
Core Plus	389,628	10.92
Structured Debt	75,600	2.12
High Yield	148,069	4.15
Emerging Markets	<u>157,688</u>	<u>4.42</u>
Total Fixed Income	1,021,666	28.65
<i>Real Estate</i>		
Core	117,104	3.28
Value Added	47,435	1.33
Real Estate Private Equity	16,360	0.46
Property	<u>4,375</u>	<u>0.12</u>
Total Real Estate	185,274	5.19
<i>Alternative Investments</i>		
Private Credit	21,527	0.60
Private Equities	156,604	4.39
Hedge Funds	325,655	9.13
Commodities	<u>135,433</u>	<u>3.80</u>
Total Alternative Investments	639,219	17.92
<i>Cash & Cash Equivalents</i>	25,056	0.70
<i>Assets in Liquidation</i>	127	0.00
Total Investments	\$ 3,566,512	100.00
KCERA Capital Assets	4,479	
KCERA Receivables / Payables	596	
Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 3,571,587	

Kern County Employees' Retirement Association

**HISTORY OF PERFORMANCE
ANNUAL RETURNS (NET OF FEES)
FOR PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30**



**HISTORY OF INVESTMENT EARNINGS
FIVE-YEAR SMOOTHED ASSET VALUATION
FOR PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30**



KCERA uses the five-year smoothed spread gain valuation method to allocate investment earnings greater than (or less than) the assumed investment return (actuarial assumption rate minus actual rate). The reserve account balances reflect the five-year smoothed asset valuation method for actuarial purposes. In accordance with KCERA's Interest Crediting Policy, when investment returns would result in a negative five-year smoothed rate, KCERA sets the smoothed rate at 0.00% and credits the Contingency Reserve with the negative balance.



Kern County Employees' Retirement Association

INVESTMENT RESULTS RETURNS FOR PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30

	Current Year	Annualized		
		3-Year	5-Year	10-Year
Total Fund:	-0.5	5.4	5.5	4.3
Benchmark: Policy Index*	0.4	5.2	5.1	5.4
Domestic Equity:	3.6	11.2	11.5	7.2
Benchmark: S&P 500	4.0	11.7	12.1	7.4
International Equity:	-9.5	3.3	1.7	2.6
Benchmark: MSCI ACWI ex-US	-9.8	1.6	0.6	2.3
Global Fixed Income:	3.9	3.1	3.6	5.1
Benchmark: Barclays Aggregate Index	6.0	4.1	3.8	5.1
Real Estate:	12.7	14.0	12.1	N/A
Benchmark: NCREIF-ODCE	11.8	13.0	12.7	N/A
Hedge Funds / Alternative Investments:	-5.1	2.1	3.6	3.0
Benchmark: Policy Index**	2.5	4.8	4.7	5.2
Private Equity:	1.7	9.5	9.1	7.1
Benchmark: Russell 3000 + 300 bps	2.7	14.4	14.3	10.1
Commodities:	-15.6	-12.5	N/A	N/A
Benchmark: Bloomberg Comm. Index	-13.3	-10.6	N/A	N/A

* Total Fund: 23% Russell 3000
22% MSCI ACWI ex-U.S.
29% Barclays Aggregate
5% NCREIF Property
6% Bloomberg Commodities
7.5% 91-Day T-Bills + 400 bps
5% Russell 3000 + 300 bps
2.5% MSCI ACWI

** Hedge Fund: 75% 90-Day T-Bills + 400 bps
25% MSCI ACWI

Note: Return calculations were prepared, net of fees, using a time-weighted rate of return based on fair values.

Kern County Employees' Retirement Association

**INVESTMENT PROFESSIONALS
AS OF JUNE 30, 2016**

CONSULTANTS
Verus Investments Albourne America LLC
CUSTODIAN
The Northern Trust Company
THIRD-PARTY SECURITIES LENDING
Deutsche Bank
INVESTMENT MANAGERS
<u>Domestic Equity</u> A B Columbia Management Fisher Asset Management Henderson Geneva Capital Management Mellon Capital Management Corporation Pacific Investment Management Company PanAgora Asset Management T. Rowe Price Associates
<u>International Equity</u> BlackRock Institutional Trust Company Dimensional Fund Advisors, L.P. J. P. Morgan Investment Management, Inc. Pyramis Global Advisors Trust Company Vontobel Asset Management, Inc.
<u>Real Estate</u> ASB Real Estate Investors Invesco Real Estate J. P. Morgan Chase Bank Long Wharf Real Estate Partners, LLC
<u>Opportunistic</u> Colony Capital

INVESTMENT MANAGERS (cont.)
<u>Private Equity</u> Abbott Capital Management, LLC Pantheon Ventures, Inc.
<u>Global Fixed Income</u> Gramercy Funds Management LLC Mellon Capital Management Corporation Pacific Investment Management Company Stone Harbor Investment Partners TCW Western Asset Management Company
<u>Hedge Funds</u> Amici Qualified Associates Aristeia International Limited Black Diamond / Carlson Capital GP BlueCrest Capital Management LLP Brevan Howard Asset Management LLP Cevian Capital L.P. D. E. Shaw & Co. HBK Capital Management Indus Capital Partners, LLC Magnetar Capital LLC MentaGlobal Offshore Limited MKP Capital Management, LLC Myriad Asset Management Limited Och-Ziff Capital Management Group LLC River Birch International, Ltd. York Capital Management
<u>Commodities</u> BlackRock Institutional Trust Company Gresham Investment Management LLC Pacific Investment Management Co., LLC Wellington Trust Company

Kern County Employees' Retirement Association

**LARGEST STOCK DIRECT HOLDINGS (FAIR VALUE)
AS OF JUNE 30, 2016**

Shares	Stocks	Fair Value
82,272	Apple	\$ 7,865,203
145,130	Microsoft	\$ 7,426,302
7,945	Amazon	\$ 5,685,601
54,084	Exxon Mobil	\$ 5,069,834
43,654	Facebook	\$ 4,988,779
54,585	Proctor & Gamble	\$ 4,621,712
35,294	Johnson & Johnson	\$ 4,281,162
1,406,033	Vodafone Group	\$ 4,278,875
15,350	Roche Holdings AG	\$ 4,035,244
100,600	Japan Tobacco	\$ 4,023,412

**LARGEST BOND DIRECT HOLDINGS (FAIR VALUE)
AS OF JUNE 30, 2016**

Par	Bonds	Fair Value
30,700,000	FNMA Single Family 3.5% 30 Yrs	\$ 32,354,914
13,800,000	FNMA Single Family 4% 30 Yrs	\$ 14,782,850
9,410,000	U.S. Treasury 2.875% due 05-15-2043	\$ 10,581,470
10,000,000	U.S. Treasury 1.75% due 02-28-2022	\$ 10,335,160
8,500,000	U.S. Treasury 2.25% due 07-31-2021	\$ 9,006,677
6,900,000	U.S. Treasury 3.125% due 08-15-2044	\$ 8,122,052
7,290,000	U.S. Treasury 2.75% due 11-15-2042	\$ 8,019,569
5,800,000	FNMA Single Family 4.5% 30 Yrs	\$ 6,327,406
5,500,000	U.S. Treasury Inflation Index 0.125% 07-15-2024	\$ 5,596,895
5,200,000	FNMA Single Family 4% 30 Yrs	\$ 5,575,227

A complete list of portfolio holdings is available upon request.



Kern County Employees' Retirement Association

**ASSETS UNDER MANAGEMENT
FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015**

(In thousands)

Asset Classes	2016	2015
Domestic Equity	\$ 957,087	\$ 931,744
International Equity	854,138	840,784
Fixed Income	960,875	1,003,084
Real Estate	175,405	201,393
Hedge Funds	248,090	301,029
Private Equity	215,268	192,205
Commodities	142,227	150,771
Investments at Fair Value	\$ 3,553,090	\$ 3,621,010
Cash & Short-Term Investments	73,532	68,304
Investments Sold / Purchased	(99,870)	(69,890)
Investment Income & Other Liabilities	39,760	8,470
Total Assets Under Management	\$ 3,566,512	\$ 3,627,894
KCERA Capital Assets	4,479	5,182
KCERA Accruals	596	(7,983)
Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 3,571,587	\$ 3,625,093



Kern County Employees' Retirement Association

**SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT FEES
FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015**

Investment Manager Fees	2016	2015
Domestic Equity Managers:		
Alliance Bernstein	\$ 570,758	\$ -
Columbia Management	4,467	148,955
Fisher Asset Management	-	321,866
Henderson Geneva Capital Management	440,153	-
Mellon Capital Mgmt (Dynamic U.S. Equity)	761,553	493,844
Mellon Capital Mgmt (U.S. Equity)	42,017	57,302
PIMCO	-	495,537
PanAgora Asset Management	96,816	194,622
T. Rowe Price Associates	470,708	566,121
Total Domestic Equity Managers	<u>2,386,472</u>	<u>2,278,247</u>
International Equity Managers:		
BlackRock Institutional Trust Company	1,831,497	1,638,041
JP Morgan Investment Management	407,888	587,927
Pyramis Global Advisors (Large Cap)	385,687	402,085
Pyramis Global Advisors (Small Cap)	<u>1,171,828</u>	<u>1,165,592</u>
Total International Equity Managers	<u>3,796,900</u>	<u>3,793,645</u>
Emerging Markets Managers:		
Dimensional Fund Advisors	234,937	291,791
Vontobel Asset Management	<u>673,847</u>	<u>646,830</u>
Total Emerging Markets Managers	<u>908,784</u>	<u>938,621</u>
High Yield Managers:		
Neuberger Berman Fixed Income	14,077	146,472
Western Asset Management	<u>283,258</u>	<u>223,942</u>
Total High Yield Managers	<u>297,335</u>	<u>370,414</u>
Global Fixed Income Managers:		
Gramercy Funds Management	492,474	517,552
Mellon Capital Mgmt (Fixed Income)	44,367	57,219
Mellon Capital Mgmt (TIPS)	7,435	10,905
PIMCO	(25,997)	532,698
Stone Harbor Global Funds	394,931	421,281
TCW Securitized Opportunities	275,202	-
Western Asset Management	<u>492,524</u>	<u>486,664</u>
Total Global Fixed Income Managers	<u>1,680,936</u>	<u>2,026,319</u>
Commodity Managers:		
BlackRock Institutional Trust Company	94,143	143,456
Gresham Investment Management	233,947	275,195
PIMCO	143,866	-
Wellington Trust Company	<u>257,390</u>	<u>173,266</u>
Total Commodities Managers	<u>729,346</u>	<u>591,917</u>

(Schedule of Investment Fees continued on next page)

Kern County Employees' Retirement Association

**SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT FEES (cont.)
FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015**

Investment Manager Fees	2016	2015
Real Estate Managers:		
ASB Capital Management	\$ 503,879	\$ 444,981
Long Wharf Real Estate Partners Fund III	315,828	554,515
Invesco Real Estate Fund III	430,638	542,500
Invesco Real Estate US Value-Add Fund IV	229,635	-
JPMCB Strategic Property Fund	376,210	506,510
LaSalle Investment Mgmt Domestic REITs	28,487	44,956
LaSalle Investment Mgmt Global REITs	-	100,720
Total Real Estate Managers	1,884,677	2,194,182
Hedge Fund Managers:		
Amici Qualified Associates	300,000	477,124
Aristeia International Ltd	147,455	156,800
Black Diamond Relative Value Partners	320,177	309,739
BlueTrend Fund	393,103	787,701
Brevan Howard Multi-Strategy Fund	350,581	518,387
Cevian Capital II SP	301,347	157,322
D.E. Shaw Composite Fund	874,663	1,283,492
HBK Multi-Strategy Fund	378,769	449,695
Indus Pacific Opportunities Fund	(58,623)	1,282,025
Magnetar Structured Credit Fund	595,918	761,334
MentaGlobal Offshore Ltd	291,359	-
MKP Opportunity Offshore Ltd	290,633	563,791
Myriad Opportunities Offshore Fund	212,764	-
OZ Domestic Partners II	1,273	933,150
River Birch International Ltd	265,672	-
York Capital Management	335,966	394,271
Total Hedge Fund Managers	5,001,057	8,074,831
Private Equity Managers:		
Abbott Capital Mgmt Fund IV	142,570	158,408
Abbott Capital Mgmt Fund V	357,576	397,304
Abbott Capital Mgmt Fund VI	427,500	475,000
Pantheon Ventures, Inc. V	158,364	161,467
Pantheon Ventures, Inc. VI	194,512	216,126
Pantheon Ventures, Inc. VII	375,000	375,000
Pantheon Ventures, Inc. SEC Fund III	383,438	425,676
Total Private Equity Managers	2,038,960	2,208,981
Private Credit Managers:		
Colony Capital Credit IV, LLC	204,370	-
Total Private Credit Managers	204,370	-
Total Investment Managers' Fees	\$ 18,928,837	\$ 22,477,157

(Schedule of Investment Fees continued on next page)

Kern County Employees' Retirement Association

**SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT FEES (cont.)
FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015**

Investment Consultant Fees	2016	2015
<i>Custodial Fees</i>		
The Northern Trust Company	\$ 347,819	\$ 335,625
<i>Actuarial Fees</i>		
Milliman	82,500	-
The Segal Company	177,461	213,094
<i>Investment Consultant Fees</i>		
Albourne America LLC	400,000	400,000
Glass, Lewis & Co.	15,000	15,000
Verus (Wurts & Associates)	330,000	330,000
<i>Legal Fees</i>		
Foley & Lardner LLP	63,116	73,616
Hansen Bridgett LLP	28,458	6,972
<i>Due Diligence Travel Expenses</i>		
Trustees / KCERA Management	14,625	15,750
<i>Security Lending Fees</i>		
The Northern Trust Company	65,138	(57,167)
<i>Real Estate Expenses</i>		
KCERA Property Inc.	31,630	24,287
Total Investment Consultant Fees	\$ 1,555,748	\$ 1,357,177
Total Investment Fees & Services	\$ 20,484,585	\$ 23,834,334



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SECTION IV

Actuarial



KCERA

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October 28, 2016

Board of Retirement
Kern County Employees' Retirement Association
11125 River Run Boulevard
Bakersfield, CA 93311

**Re: Kern County Employees' Retirement Association
June 30, 2016 Actuarial Valuation for Funding Purposes**

Dear Members of the Board:

Segal Consulting (Segal) prepared the June 30, 2015 annual actuarial valuation of the Kern County Employees' Retirement Association (KCERA). We certify that the valuation was performed in accordance with generally accepted actuarial principles and practices and KCERA's funding policy that was last reviewed with the Board in 2012. In particular, it is our understanding that the assumptions and methods used for funding purposes meet the parameters set by Actuarial Standards of Practice (ASOPs).

As part of the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation, Segal conducted an examination of all participant data for reasonableness. However, the scope of this examination does not qualify as an audit. Summaries of the employee data used in performing the actuarial valuations over the past several years are provided in our valuation report. We did not audit the Association's financial statements. For actuarial valuation purposes, retirement plan assets are valued at Actuarial Value. Under this method, the assets used to determine employer contribution rates take into account market value by recognizing the differences between the total return at market value and the expected investment return over 10 six-month periods. Deferred gains and losses as of June 30, 2011 have been combined and will be recognized in equal amounts over a period of four and a half years from that date. The deferred return is further adjusted, if necessary, so that the actuarial value of assets will stay within 50% of the market value of assets.

One of the general goals of an actuarial valuation is to establish contribution rates, which, over time, will remain level as a percentage of payroll for each generation of active members. Actuarial funding is based on the Entry Age Cost Method. Under this method, the employer contribution rate provides for current cost (normal cost) plus a level percentage of payroll to amortize any unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL).

The UAAL as of June 30, 2011 is amortized as a level percentage of payroll over a 20.5-year period as of June 30, 2015. Effective June 30, 2012, any changes in UAAL due to actuarial gains or losses or due to changes in actuarial assumptions or methods will be amortized over a

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18-year closed period effective with each valuation. Any change in unfunded actuarial accrued liability that arises due to plan amendments is amortized over its own declining 15-year period (with exception of a change due to retirement incentives, which is amortized over a declining period of up to 5 years). The progress being made towards meeting the funding objective through June 30, 2015 is illustrated in the Schedule of Funding Progress.

A listing of supporting schedules Segal prepared for inclusion in the actuarial, statistical, and financial sections of the Association's CAFR is provided below. Unless otherwise stated, the schedules were prepared based on the results of the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015 for funding purposes. The notes to the financial section and Required Supplementary Information were prepared by the Association based on the results of the Governmental Accounting Standards (GAS) 67 actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016 prepared by Segal.

- Exhibit I Schedule of Active Member Valuation Data;
- Exhibit II Retirees and Beneficiaries Added To and Removed From Retiree Payroll;
- Exhibit III Solvency Test;
- Exhibit IV Actuarial Analysis of Financial Experience; and
- Exhibit V Schedule of Funding Progress.

The valuation assumptions included in the Actuarial Section were adopted by the Retirement Board based on our recommendations following the June 30, 2013 Actuarial Experience Study and Review of Economic Actuarial Assumptions.

As we disclosed in our June 30, 2015 funding valuation report, the 7.50% investment return assumption that the Board approved for determining the liabilities for funding purposes and used for establishing the employer and employee contribution rates was developed without considering the impact of any future 50/50 excess earnings allocation. This is based on our understanding that Article 5.5 of the Statute, which authorizes the allocation of 50% of excess earnings to the SRBR, does not allow for the use of a different investment return for funding than is used for interest crediting. This would appear in effect to preclude the prefunding of the SRBR through the use of an assumption lower than the market earnings assumption of 7.50%.

As indicated by the guidance found in Actuarial Standard of Practice (ASOP) No. 4 ("Measuring Pension Obligations and Determining Pension Plan Costs or Contributions"), we performed stochastic modeling in 2015 to estimate the impact of the 50% allocation of future excess earnings to the SRBR. The results of our model indicated that the 50/50 allocation of future excess earnings would have about the same impact as an "outflow" (i.e., assets not available to fund the benefits included in the funding valuation) that would average approximately 0.3% of assets over time. **For informational purposes only**, when we applied the results of our stochastic model to this valuation, we estimated that such an annual outflow would increase the AAL measured in this valuation using a 7.50% investment return assumption from \$5.66 billion

to \$5.86 billion (for a difference of \$200 million) and would increase the employer's contribution rate by about 3.3% of payroll.

It is our opinion that the assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation produce results, which, in aggregate, reflect the future experience of the retirement plan. Actuarial valuations are performed on an annual basis. An experience analysis is performed every three years and was last performed as of June 30, 2013 with those assumptions first being implemented in the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation.

In the June 30, 2015 valuation, the ratio of the valuation assets to actuarial accrued liabilities (funded percentage) increased from 60.8% to 62.4%. The aggregate employer contribution rate has decreased from 45.64% of payroll to 45.11% of payroll, while the aggregate employee rate has increased from 5.58% of payroll to 6.01% of payroll.

Under the asset smoothing method, the total unrecognized investment losses are \$26 million as of June 30, 2015. These investment losses will be recognized in the determination of the actuarial value of assets for funding purposes in the next few years.

The deferred losses of \$26 million represent about 1% of the market value of assets as of June 30, 2015. Unless offset by future investment gains or other favorable experience, the recognition of the \$26 million market losses is expected to have an impact on the Association's future funded percentage and contribution rate requirements. This potential impact may be illustrated as follows:

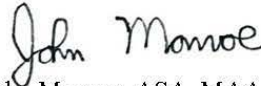
- If the deferred losses were recognized immediately in the valuation value of assets, the funded percentage would decrease from 62.4% to 61.9%.
- If the deferred losses were recognized immediately in the valuation value of assets, the aggregate employer rate would increase from 45.11% to 45.49% of payroll.

We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and we meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Sincerely,



Paul Angelo, FSA, MAAA, FCA, EA
Senior Vice President and Actuary



John Monroe, ASA, MAAA, EA
Vice President and Actuary

MYM/bbf

Enclosures

Kern County Employees' Retirement Association

SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

The methods and assumptions below were selected by the actuary as being appropriate for the Plan and were used in the latest actuarial valuation dated June 30, 2015. The most recently updated Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods was adopted by the Board of Retirement on December 10, 2014.

Economic Assumptions

<i>Interest Rate of Return:</i>	7.50% per year, net of investment expenses
<i>Salary Increases:</i>	General: 4.25% to 9.25%. Safety: 4.25% to 11.75% (see Table 1 on page 84).
<i>Inflation Assumption:</i>	3.25% per year
<i>Cost-of-Living Adjustments:</i>	2.50% (actual increases depend on CPI increases; 2.50% maximum)

Actuarial Methods

<i>Funding Method:</i>	Entry Age Funding Method, with costs allocated as a level percent of salary.
<i>Actuarial Cost Method:</i>	Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each member is allocated as a level percentage of the member's projected compensation between entry age and assumed exit (until maximum retirement age).
<i>Amortization Period:</i>	The actuarial present value of benefits expected to be paid in the future is the Normal Cost. The difference between the Normal Cost and the actuarial present value of all future benefits for contributing members, former contributing members and their survivors is the Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL). The sum of all AAL and the actuarial value of the assets is the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL).

As of June 30, 2015, the remaining amortization period for all UAAL as of June 30, 2011 was 20.5 years. Effective June 30, 2012, any changes in UAAL due to actuarial gains or losses or due to changes in actuarial assumptions or methods will be amortized over an 18-year closed period, effective with each valuation. Any change in UAAL that arises due to plan amendments is amortized over its own declining 15-year period (with the exception of a change due to retirement incentives, which are amortized over a declining period of up to 5 years).



Kern County Employees' Retirement Association

SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS (cont.)

Actuarial Methods (cont.)

Amortization Period (cont.):

Beginning July 1, 2009, any liability attributable to golden handshakes is paid by one of two methods, as elected by the employer:

1. Payment in full in the first month of the fiscal year following the fiscal year in which the golden handshake(s) was granted; or
2. According to a 5-year amortization to be invoiced to the employer in the first month of the fiscal year following the fiscal year in which the golden handshake(s) was granted. The amortization schedule will be based upon the valuation interest rate used in the most recently completed valuation at the time that the amortization schedule is created. The employer may complete payment of the golden handshake(s) at any time during the 5-year amortization period.

Demographic Assumptions

Post-Retirement Mortality:

A) General Members and Safety Members:

RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2023, set forward one year for male and female General members and set back one year for male and female Safety members.

B) Beneficiaries:

Rates are the same as a General service retiree of the opposite sex.

C) Disability Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2023, set forward eight years for male and female General members and set forward four years for male and female Safety members.

Proportion of Members with Spouse or Partner at Retirement:

75% of male active members and 55% of female active employees are assumed to have a spouse or qualified domestic partner eligible for the 60% continuance at retirement. Females are assumed to be three years younger than their spouses.

Rate of Termination of Employment:

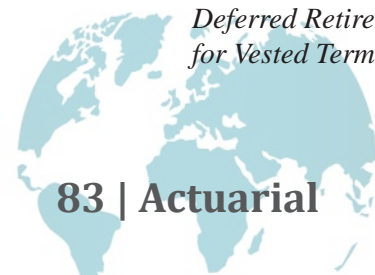
Rates vary by years of service, as shown in Table 2 on page 85.

Reciprocal Agency:

For current active members, the probability of joining a reciprocal agency immediately after terminating is 55% for General members and 60% for Safety members.

Deferred Retirement Age for Vested Termination:

Age 57 for General members. Age 53 for Safety members.



Kern County Employees' Retirement Association

ASSUMED RATE OF SALARY INCREASE

Table 1

Annual Increase in Salary (before wage inflation*)

Years of Service	General Members	Safety Members
0	5.50%	8.00%
1	4.00%	6.50%
2	3.50%	5.50%
3	3.00%	4.00%
4	2.25%	3.50%
5	2.00%	3.25%
6	1.75%	3.00%
7	1.50%	2.50%
8	1.25%	1.75%
9	1.00%	1.50%
10	0.90%	1.25%
11	0.80%	1.00%
12	0.70%	0.90%
13	0.60%	0.85%
14	0.50%	0.80%
15	0.50%	0.75%
16	0.50%	0.70%
17	0.50%	0.65%
18	0.50%	0.60%
19	0.50%	0.55%
20 & Over	0.50%	0.50%

* Inflation: 3.25% per year, plus “across-the-board” salary increases of 0.50% per year, plus the promotional and merit increases listed in the chart above.



Kern County Employees' Retirement Association

PROBABILITIES OF SEPARATION FROM ACTIVE SERVICE

Table 2

(In percentages)

Age Nearest	Ordinary Death	Disability*	Service Retirement		
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General Members - Male *Tier I* *Tier II* *Tier III*

25	0.04	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00
30	0.05	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.00
40	0.11	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00
50	0.23	0.38	6.00	3.00	0.00
60	0.64	0.38	23.00	13.50	13.50

General Members - Female *Tier I* *Tier II* *Tier III*

25	0.02	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00
30	0.03	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.00
40	0.07	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00
50	0.17	0.38	6.00	3.00	0.00
60	0.45	0.38	23.00	13.50	13.50

Safety Members - Male *Tier I* *Tier II*

25	0.04	0.08	0.00	0.00
30	0.04	0.16	0.00	0.00
40	0.10	0.50	0.00	0.00
50	0.19	1.35	20.00	6.00
60	0.52	3.60	20.00	20.00

Safety Members - Female *Tier I* *Tier II*

25	0.02	0.08	0.00	0.00
30	0.02	0.16	0.00	0.00
40	0.06	0.50	0.00	0.00
50	0.14	1.35	20.00	6.00
60	0.36	3.60	20.00	20.00

* 55% of General disabilities are assumed to be service-connected disabilities, and the other 45% are assumed to be nonservice-connected disabilities. Furthermore, 100% of Safety disabilities are assumed to be service-connected disabilities.

(In percentages)

Years of Service	Withdrawal	
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	General	Safety
0	18.00	8.00
5	6.00	2.60
10	3.25	2.00
15	2.30	1.10
20	1.50	0.00
25	1.00	0.00
30 & Over	0.00	0.00



Kern County Employees' Retirement Association

SCHEDULE OF ACTIVE MEMBER VALUATION DATA

Valuation Date*	Plan Type	Members	Annual Payroll	Annual Average Pay	Increase in Average Pay
12/31/06	General	6,862	\$ 320,078,067	\$ 46,645	1.6%
	Safety	1,685	\$ 100,355,950	\$ 59,558	5.6%
	Total	8,547	\$ 420,434,017	\$ 49,191	2.4%
12/31/07	General	7,127	\$ 345,308,360	\$ 48,451	3.9%
	Safety	1,801	\$ 111,418,703	\$ 61,865	3.9%
	Total	8,928	\$ 456,727,063	\$ 51,157	4.0%
06/30/08	General	7,216	\$ 369,093,653	\$ 51,149	5.6%
	Safety	1,841	\$ 117,947,008	\$ 64,067	3.6%
	Total	9,057	\$ 487,040,661	\$ 53,775	5.1%
06/30/09**	General	7,166	\$ 423,075,334	\$ 59,039	15.4%
	Safety	1,854	\$ 141,829,138	\$ 76,499	19.4%
	Total	9,020	\$ 564,904,472	\$ 62,628	16.5%
06/30/10	General	6,802	\$ 423,551,766	\$ 62,269	5.5%
	Safety	1,765	\$ 141,008,072	\$ 79,891	4.4%
	Total	8,567	\$ 564,559,838	\$ 65,899	5.2%
06/30/11	General	6,487	\$ 404,729,012	\$ 62,391	0.2%
	Safety	1,700	\$ 135,105,643	\$ 79,474	-0.5%
	Total	8,187	\$ 539,834,655	\$ 65,938	0.1%
06/30/12	General	6,494	\$ 406,039,414	\$ 62,525	0.2%
	Safety	1,759	\$ 137,518,061	\$ 78,180	-1.6%
	Total	8,253	\$ 543,557,475	\$ 65,862	-0.1%
06/30/13	General	6,619	\$ 410,905,480	\$ 62,080	-0.7%
	Safety	1,866	\$ 144,847,330	\$ 77,625	-0.7%
	Total	8,485	\$ 555,752,810	\$ 65,498	-0.6%
06/30/14	General	6,629	\$ 410,350,884	\$ 61,902	-0.3%
	Safety	1,883	\$ 145,284,147	\$ 77,156	-0.6%
	Total	8,512	\$ 555,635,031	\$ 65,277	-0.3%
06/30/15	General	6,637	\$ 411,427,313	\$ 61,990	0.1%
	Safety	1,844	\$ 145,396,935	\$ 78,849	2.2%
	Total	8,481	\$ 556,824,248	\$ 65,655	0.6%

* Valuations were performed December 31 for 2007 and earlier. Valuations are as of June 30 for 2008 and later.

** Annual payroll data as of June 30, 2009 reflects the inclusion of supplemental pay items with pensionable salary.



Kern County Employees' Retirement Association

SCHEDULE OF RETIREES AND BENEFICIARIES ADDED TO AND REMOVED FROM PAYROLL

Plan Year	At Beginning of Year	Added During Year	Removed During Year	At End of Year	Annual Allowance Added	Annual Allowance Removed	Retiree Payroll Ending	% Increase in Retiree Allowance	Average Annual Allowance*
2006	5,132	408	185	5,355	\$15,910,761	\$2,446,976	\$127,812,860	11.8%	\$23,868
2007	5,355	374	177	5,552	\$13,845,079	\$2,524,520	\$139,133,419	8.9%	\$25,060
2008	5,552	196	97	5,651	\$ 5,039,591	\$1,610,546	\$145,783,557	4.8%	\$25,798
2009	5,651	458	182	5,927	\$16,056,013	\$2,751,455	\$164,591,026	12.9%	\$27,770
2010	5,927	476	204	6,199	\$13,128,260	\$3,658,618	\$181,377,904	10.2%	\$29,259
2011	6,199	569	198	6,570	\$27,159,926	\$3,568,064	\$204,969,766	13.0%	\$31,198
2012	6,570	499	179	6,890	\$24,783,041	\$3,411,092	\$226,341,715	10.4%	\$32,851
2013	6,890	468	187	7,171	\$22,305,618	\$3,825,313	\$244,822,020	8.2%	\$34,141
2014	7,171	442	216	7,397	\$19,663,621	\$4,173,211	\$260,312,430	3.1%	\$35,192
2015	7,397	440	238	7,599	\$20,734,025	\$5,817,539	\$275,229,096	5.7%	\$36,219

* Excludes SRBR amounts.

SOLVENCY TEST (Dollars in thousands)

Valuation Date	Aggregate Accrued Liabilities				Portion of Accrued Liabilities Covered by Reported Assets			
	Active Member Contributions	Retired/Vested Members	Active Members (Employer Financed Portion)	Total	Actuarial Value of Assets	Active Member Contributions	Retired/Vested Members	Active Members (Employer Financed Portion)
12/31/06	\$ 197,507	\$ 1,629,003	\$ 1,282,527	\$ 3,109,038	\$ 2,352,028	100%	100%	41%
12/31/07	\$ 215,282	\$ 1,773,556	\$ 1,366,917	\$ 3,355,755	\$ 2,589,817	100%	100%	44%
06/30/08	\$ 222,418	\$ 1,913,946	\$ 1,535,096	\$ 3,671,460	\$ 2,654,316	100%	100%	34%
06/30/09	\$ 232,426	\$ 2,159,371	\$ 1,813,403	\$ 4,205,200	\$ 2,780,215	100%	100%	21%
06/30/10	\$ 229,784	\$ 2,380,826	\$ 1,846,429	\$ 4,457,038	\$ 2,794,644	100%	100%	10%
06/30/11	\$ 225,649	\$ 2,680,161	\$ 1,766,538	\$ 4,672,348	\$ 2,839,747	100%	98%	0%
06/30/12	\$ 231,626	\$ 2,933,987	\$ 1,729,377	\$ 4,894,990	\$ 2,960,507	100%	93%	0%
06/30/13	\$ 244,832	\$ 3,153,966	\$ 1,709,821	\$ 5,108,619	\$ 3,120,632	100%	91%	0%
06/30/14	\$ 268,826	\$ 3,446,962	\$ 1,776,652	\$ 5,492,440	\$ 3,342,122	100%	89%	0%
06/30/15	\$ 295,447	\$ 3,607,511	\$ 1,754,215	\$ 5,657,173	\$ 3,529,786	100%	90%	0%

Kern County Employees' Retirement Association

ACTUARIAL ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL EXPERIENCE

(In thousands)

	Gain (or Loss) for Year – UAAL		
	<u>June 30, 2015</u>	<u>June 30, 2014</u>	<u>June 30, 2013</u>
Investment Performance Greater (Less) than Expected	\$ (34,742)	\$ (14,593)	\$ (64,430)
Salary Increase (Greater) Less than Expected	55,020	68,432	49,963
Other Experience Including Demographic Changes	9,908	5,151	(18,520)
Change in Assumptions/Methodology	-	(204,469)	-
Composite Gain (or Loss) During Year	\$ 30,186	\$ (145,479)	\$ (32,987)



Kern County Employees' Retirement Association

**SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS
(NET OF SRBR AND \$5,000 DEATH BENEFITS)**

(In thousands)

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (3) - (2)	Funded Ratio (2) / (3)	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as % of Annual Payroll (4) / (6)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
06/30/15	\$ 3,529,786	\$ 5,657,173	\$ 2,127,387	62.4%	\$ 556,824	382.1%
06/30/14	\$ 3,342,122	\$ 5,492,440	\$ 2,150,318	60.8%	\$ 555,634	387.0%
06/30/13	\$ 3,120,632	\$ 5,108,619	\$ 1,987,987	61.1%	\$ 555,752	357.7%
06/30/12	\$ 2,960,507	\$ 4,894,990	\$ 1,934,483	60.5%	\$ 543,558	355.9%
06/30/11	\$ 2,839,747	\$ 4,672,348	\$ 1,832,601	60.8%	\$ 539,836	339.5%
06/30/10	\$ 2,794,644	\$ 4,457,038	\$ 1,662,394	62.7%	\$ 559,380	297.2%
06/30/09	\$ 2,780,215	\$ 4,205,200	\$ 1,424,985	66.1%	\$ 559,872	254.5%
06/30/08	\$ 2,654,305	\$ 3,671,460	\$ 1,017,155	72.3%	\$ 482,879	210.6%
12/31/07	\$ 2,589,817	\$ 3,355,755	\$ 765,937	77.2%	\$ 453,412	168.9%
12/31/06	\$ 2,352,028	\$ 3,109,038	\$ 757,010	75.7%	\$ 417,351	181.4%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Annual Required Contributions (In thousands)	Percentage Contributed
2015	\$ 215,477	100%
2014	\$ 220,393	100%
2013	\$ 211,677	100%
2012	\$ 189,837	100%
2011	\$ 177,444	100%
2010	\$ 151,127	100%
2009	\$ 138,815	100%
2008	\$ 137,264	100%
2007	\$ 128,135	100%
2006	\$ 100,734	100%

Kern County Employees' Retirement Association

SUMMARY OF MAJOR PLAN PROVISIONS

Benefit Sections 31676.01, 31676.14, 31676.17, 31664 & 31664.1 of "1937 Act," and 7522.20(a).

Briefly summarized below are the major provisions of the County Employees' Retirement Law of 1937, as adopted by the County of Kern and Special Districts.

Membership

Membership is automatic upon appointment to a permanent position of 50% or more of the regular standard hours required. Retirement entry date is the first day of the first full biweekly payroll period following the date of employment.

All safety and general members hired by the County of Kern or a special district on or after January 1, 2013 are subject to the "new member" provisions found in Code Section 7522.20(a) of the PEPRA.

Final Average Salary

For non-PEPRA benefit tiers, "final average salary" is the highest 12 consecutive months of pensionable pay, including base salary and other pay elements includible as a result of the "Ventura" decision. "Pensionable compensation" for members subject to PEPRA (see above) is the highest 36 consecutive months of pensionable pay, including eligible special pay items defined in the PEPRA.

Vesting

Members are considered vested in the Plan after obtaining five years of retirement service credit.

Member Contribution Rates

The basic contribution is computed on the member's base pay plus compensable special pay, with the contribution rate being determined by the member's entry age into the System, the classification of the member, the Plan's economic assumptions and the member's life expectancy at the retirement age specified in the County Employees' Retirement Law of 1937.

The normal rates of contribution are such as to provide, for each year of service, an average annuity at age 55 of 1.0% of final compensation for General Tier I members, an average annuity at age

60 of 0.833% of final compensation for General Tier II members, an average annuity at age 50 of 1.5% of final compensation for Safety Tier I members, and an average annuity at age 50 of 1.0% of final compensation for Safety Tier II members, according to the tables adopted by the Board of Supervisors, for each year of service rendered after entering the Plan.

General and safety members subject to PEPRA provisions will pay 100% of their contributions until retirement. Their contribution rates will be 50% of the actuarially determined Normal Cost Rate for each membership group. All other KCERA members will contribute based on their entry age or a flat average rate (certain safety bargaining units).

Member contributions made through payroll deductions are pre-tax basis, per IRS Code Section 414(h)(2). Interest is credited to contributions on June 30 and December 31, per the County Employees' Retirement Law of 1937, Article 5.5.

Withdrawal Benefits

If a member resigns, his or her contributions plus interest can be refunded. Members with less than five years of service may elect to leave his or her contributions on deposit and receive interest. Any vested member may elect to leave his or her contributions on deposit and receive a deferred-vested benefit when eligible for retirement.

Compensation Limit

For members who joined KCERA on or after July 1, 1996 but before January 1, 2013, compensation earnable is limited by IRC Section 401(a)(17) and indexed annually for inflation. Pensionable compensation for General Tier III members enrolled in Social Security is capped at the Social Security limits and indexed annually for inflation.

Service Retirement Benefits

General members with at least 10 years of retirement service credit who are age 50 or older, have 30 years of retirement service credit regardless of age, or are age 70 regardless of service are eligible for service retirement.

SUMMARY OF MAJOR PLAN PROVISIONS
(cont.)

Service Retirement Benefits *(cont.)*

General Tier I is 3.0% of final compensation for each year of service at age 60, multiplied by Government Code Section 31676.17 factors. General Tier II is 1.62% of final compensation for each year of service at age 65, multiplied by Government Code Section 31676.01 factors.

Berrenda Mesa Water District and Inyokern Community Services District still have Government Code Section 31676.14 for service prior to January 1, 2005.

Tier II generally applies to most KCERA general members hired by the County of Kern on or after October 27, 2007, or hired by the following special districts: Berrenda Mesa Water District on or after January 12, 2010; Buttonwillow Recreation and Park District and East Kern Cemetery District on or after December 17, 2012; Inyokern Community Services District on or after December 13, 2012; Kern County Water Agency on or after January 1, 2010; Kern Mosquito and Vector Control District on or after December 12, 2012; North of the River Sanitation District on or after October 29, 2007; San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District on or after July 31, 2012; Shafter Recreation and Park District on or after December 19, 2012; West Side Cemetery District on or after December 18, 2012; West Side Mosquito and Vector Control District on or after November 15, 2012; and Kern County Superior Courts on or after March 12, 2011.

General members hired by the West Side Recreation & Park District on or after January 1, 2013 are General Tier III members. Their benefit formula is 2.5% at age 67. They are eligible to retire at age 52 with 5 years of retirement service credit.

Safety members with at least 10 years of retirement service credit who are age 50 or older, or with 20 years of retirement service credit regardless of age, are eligible for service retirement.

Safety Tier I is 3.0% of final compensation for each year of service at age 50, multiplied by Government Code Section 31664.1 factors. Safety Tier II is 2.0% of final compensation for each year of service at age 50, multiplied by Government Code Section 31664 factors.

For members integrated with Social Security, benefits based on \$350 of monthly final average salary are reduced by one-third.

Disability Benefit

Members with five years of retirement service credit, regardless of age, are eligible for nonservice-connected disability. The benefit is at least 20% to a maximum of 40% of the member's final average monthly compensation for life.

If the disability is service-connected, there is no minimum retirement service credit requirement. The member may retire with a benefit of 50% of his or her final average monthly compensation.

Death Benefit (Before Retirement)

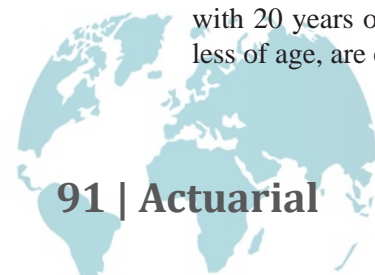
An active member's beneficiary is entitled to receive death benefits, which consist of accumulated contributions plus interest and one month's salary for each full year of service, up to a maximum of six month's salary.

If a member dies while eligible for service retirement or nonservice-connected disability, the spouse, registered domestic partner or minor children receives 60% of the allowance that the member would have received for retirement on the day of his or her death.

If a member dies in the performance of duty, the spouse, registered domestic partner or minor children receives 50% of the member's final average salary.

Death Benefit (After Retirement)

A death benefit of \$5,000 is payable to the designated beneficiary or estate of a retiree after the member dies.



Kern County Employees' Retirement Association

SUMMARY OF MAJOR PLAN PROVISIONS (cont.)

Death Benefit (After Retirement) (cont.)

If the retirement was for service or nonservice-connected disability and the member chose the unmodified plan, the surviving spouse, registered domestic partner or minor children will receive a monthly allowance equal to 60% of the retirement allowance.

If the retirement was for service-connected disability, the member's spouse, registered domestic partner or minor children will receive a 100% continuance of the retirement allowance.

Supplemental Retiree Benefit Reserve (SRBR) Benefits

The Board of Retirement adopted California Government Code Section 31618 on April 23, 1984, which provides for the establishment of the SRBR. The SRBR shall be used only for the benefit of retired members and beneficiaries. The distribution of the SRBR shall be determined by the Board of Retirement. The SRBR-approved benefits include all Tier 1, Tier 2 and death benefits as well as Tier 3 benefits approved through the June 30, 2015 Actuarial Valuation.

Post-Retirement Cost-of-Living Benefits

Each April 1, the benefits are adjusted by the percentage change in the Consumer Price Index for the preceding calendar year (capped at 2.5%).

Eligibility

Tier 1:	Hired on or before July 1, 1994.
Tier 2:	Pensioners with at least five years of credited service and who retired prior to 1981 or 1985, and their surviving beneficiaries whose benefits have reduced by 20% in purchasing power since retirement.
Tier 3:	Pensioners and their surviving beneficiaries whose benefits have reduced by 20% in purchasing power since retirement.

Benefits

Tier 1:	\$35.50 per month, not subject to cost-of-living adjustments.
Tier 2:	\$1.372 times years of service, per month, for members who retired prior to 1985, granted July 1, 1994. \$5.470 times years of service, per month, for members who retired prior to 1985, granted July 1, 1996. \$10.276 times years of service, per month, for members who retired prior to 1981, granted July 1, 1997.
Tier 3:	Additional benefits to maintain 80% purchasing power protection.
Death Benefit:	A one-time payment of \$3,000 to a member's beneficiary.
0.5% COLA	\$64.7 million allocation of funds to initially pay for a 0.5% cost-of-living allowance, arisen from a litigation judgment entered on January 24, 2002.

Crediting of interest and the allocation of undistributed earnings, the amount that remains after net earnings have been used to credit interest to the Plan's reserves.

Funding





SECTION V

Statistical

KCERA

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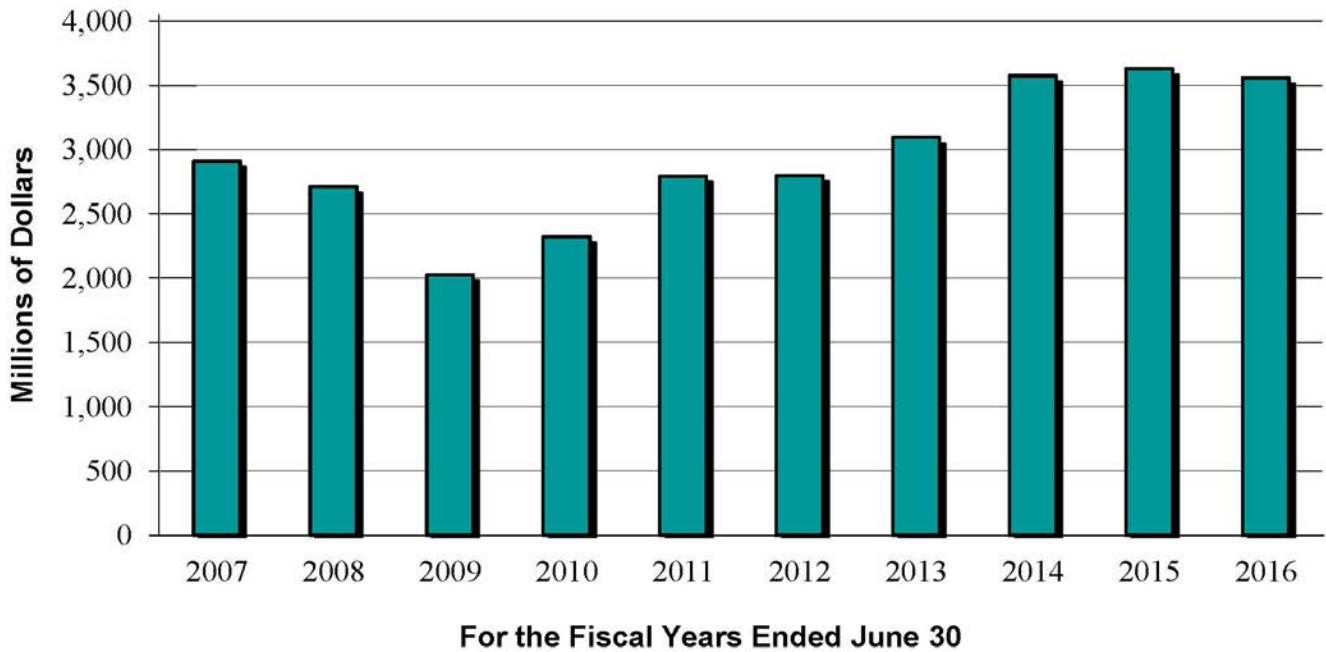


STATISTICAL SECTION OVERVIEW

This section provides additional historical perspective and detail to proffer a more comprehensive understanding of this year's financial statements, note disclosures and supplementary information that cover the Plan. This section also provides a 10-year trend of financial and operating informa-

tion to facilitate a thorough understanding of how KCERA's financial position and performance have changed over time. Specifically, the financial and operating information provides contextual data for KCERA's changes in net position, benefit expenses, retirement types, benefit payments and membership data. The financial and operating trend information is located on the following pages.

KCERA Net Position Value



Kern County Employees' Retirement Association

**SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS**

(In thousands)

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
<u>Additions</u>					
Employer Contributions	\$ 128,134	\$ 137,264	\$ 138,815	\$ 151,127	\$ 177,444
Member Contributions	12,634	15,031	18,191	17,877	18,271
Net Investment Income (Loss)	<u>453,363</u>	<u>(201,562)</u>	<u>(677,336)</u>	<u>291,333</u>	<u>503,553</u>
Total Additions	\$ 594,131	\$ (49,267)	\$ (520,330)	\$ 460,337	\$ 699,268
<u>Deductions</u>					
Total Benefit Expenses**	\$ 137,078	\$ 148,561	\$ 162,489	\$ 180,366	\$ 201,013
Administrative Expenses	3,030	3,341	3,072	3,207	3,763
Miscellaneous	<u>1</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>547</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Deductions	\$ 140,109	\$ 151,902	\$ 165,561	\$ 184,120	\$ 204,776
Change in Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 454,022	\$ (201,169)	\$ (685,891)	\$ 276,217	\$ 494,492

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
<u>Additions</u>					
Employer Contributions	\$ 189,837	\$ 211,677	\$ 220,393	\$ 215,477	\$ 234,714
Member Contributions	18,720	20,283	25,810	30,325	33,278
Net Investment Income (Loss)	<u>21,150</u>	<u>319,264</u>	<u>487,494</u>	<u>81,930</u>	<u>(27,535)</u>
Total Additions	\$ 229,707	\$ 551,224	\$ 733,697	\$ 327,732	\$ 240,457
<u>Deductions</u>					
Total Benefit Expenses*	\$ 222,140	\$ 242,630	\$ 257,495	\$ 273,865	\$ 288,738
Administrative Expenses	3,469	3,848	4,860	4,886	5,225
Miscellaneous	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Deductions	\$ 225,609	\$ 246,478	\$ 262,355	\$ 278,751	\$ 293,963
Change in Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 4,098	\$ 304,746	\$ 471,342	\$ 48,981	\$ (53,506)

* See Schedule of Benefit Expenses by Type on next page.



Kern County Employees' Retirement Association

**SCHEDULE OF BENEFIT EXPENSES BY TYPE
FOR FISCAL YEARS 2012-2016**

(In thousands)

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
<i>Service Retirement Benefits</i>					
General	\$ 159,101	\$ 148,697	\$ 137,993	\$ 127,139	\$ 114,742
Safety	<u>74,978</u>	<u>72,097</u>	<u>68,705</u>	<u>68,078</u>	<u>62,207</u>
Total	234,079	220,794	206,698	195,217	176,949
<i>Service-Connected Disability (SCD) Benefits</i>					
General	8,260	8,422	8,331	8,064	7,947
Safety	<u>21,676</u>	<u>21,222</u>	<u>20,565</u>	<u>15,495</u>	<u>15,145</u>
Total	29,936	29,644	28,896	23,559	23,092
<i>Beneficiary Benefits</i>					
General	12,261	11,186	10,660	11,152	10,353
Safety	<u>8,393</u>	<u>7,881</u>	<u>7,565</u>	<u>8,602</u>	<u>8,231</u>
Total	20,654	19,067	18,225	19,754	18,584
<i>Lump Sum Death Benefits</i>	787	862	564	606	433
Total Benefit Payments	\$ 285,456	\$ 270,367	\$ 254,383	\$ 239,136	\$ 219,058
<i>Refunds</i>					
General	2,563	2,876	2,762	2,973	2,408
Safety	<u>719</u>	<u>622</u>	<u>350</u>	<u>521</u>	<u>674</u>
Total	3,282	3,498	3,112	3,494	3,082
Total Benefit Expenses	\$ 288,738	\$ 273,865	\$ 257,495	\$ 242,630	\$ 222,140



Kern County Employees' Retirement Association

**SCHEDULE OF BENEFIT EXPENSES BY TYPE (cont.)
FOR FISCAL YEARS 2007-2011**

(In thousands)

	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
<i>Service Retirement Benefits</i>					
General	\$ 101,934	\$ 89,204	\$ 79,546	\$ 71,725	\$ 65,324
Safety	<u>55,886</u>	<u>49,949</u>	<u>43,311</u>	<u>39,650</u>	<u>37,075</u>
Total	157,820	139,153	122,857	111,375	102,399
<i>Service-Connected Disability (SCD) Benefits</i>					
General	7,924	7,906	7,720	7,547	7,209
Safety	<u>14,656</u>	<u>14,230</u>	<u>13,545</u>	<u>12,516</u>	<u>11,609</u>
Total	22,580	22,136	21,265	20,063	18,818
<i>Beneficiary Benefits</i>					
General	9,533	9,072	8,573	7,962	7,452
Safety	<u>7,580</u>	<u>7,222</u>	<u>6,525</u>	<u>6,297</u>	<u>5,575</u>
Total	17,113	16,294	15,098	14,259	13,027
<i>Lump Sum Death Benefits</i>					
	383	466	640	490	320
Total Benefit Payments	\$ 197,896	\$ 178,049	\$ 159,860	\$ 146,187	\$ 134,564
<i>Refunds</i>					
General	2,666	1,998	2,270	2,084	2,206
Safety	<u>451</u>	<u>319</u>	<u>359</u>	<u>290</u>	<u>308</u>
Total	3,117	2,317	2,629	2,374	2,514
Total Benefit Expenses	\$ 201,013	\$ 180,366	\$ 162,489	\$ 148,561	\$ 137,078



Kern County Employees' Retirement Association

**SCHEDULE OF RETIRED MEMBERS BY TYPE OF BENEFIT
AS OF JUNE 30, 2016**

Amount of Monthly Benefit	Number of Retirants	Type of Retirement								
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
\$1-500	455	311	2	0	0	75	12	0	8	47
\$501-1,000	941	626	46	5	0	176	20	5	24	39
\$1,001-1,500	1,013	689	78	67	0	111	24	0	21	23
\$1,501-2,000	837	555	33	112	0	77	13	0	20	27
\$2,001-3,000	1,595	1,071	14	273	0	140	6	5	59	27
\$3,001-4,000	912	691	6	121	0	65	1	4	14	10
\$4,001-5,000	563	487	3	33	0	25	3	0	9	3
\$5,001-6,000	406	354	1	36	0	10	0	0	4	1
Over \$6,000	1,102	973	7	98	0	15	1	0	8	0
Totals	7,824	5,757	190	745	0	694	80	14	167	177

Amount of Monthly Benefit	Number of Retirants	Option Selected						
		Option 1	Option 2	Option 3	Option 4	Unmodified		
						A	B	C
\$1-500	455	14	26	1	0	140	274	0
\$501-1,000	941	6	48	2	0	331	552	2
\$1,001-1,500	1,013	8	54	5	1	365	551	29
\$1,501-2,000	837	6	28	2	0	297	435	69
\$2,001-3,000	1,595	12	53	9	3	582	751	185
\$3,001-4,000	912	4	36	1	0	405	371	95
\$4,001-5,000	563	1	27	3	3	318	189	22
\$5,001-6,000	406	0	14	0	2	256	105	29
Over \$6,000	1,102	2	36	2	1	772	201	88
Totals	7,824	53	322	25	10	3,466	3,429	519

Type of Retirement

- 1 – Normal retirement for age and service
- 2 – Nonservice-connected disability retirement
- 3 – Service-connected disability retirement
- 4 – Former member with deferred future benefit
- 5 – Beneficiary payment – normal retirement
- 6 – Beneficiary payment – active member who died and was eligible for retirement
- 7 – Beneficiary payment – death in service
- 8 – Beneficiary payment – disability retirement
- 9 – Supplemental and ex-spouses

Option Selected

- Option 1** – Beneficiary receives lump sum of member's unused contributions
- Option 2** – Beneficiary receives 100% of member's reduced monthly allowance
- Option 3** – Beneficiary receives 50% of member's reduced monthly allowance
- Option 4** – More than one beneficiary receives 100% of member's reduced monthly allowance
- A** – Unmodified 60% continuance
- B** – Unmodified no continuance
- C** – Unmodified 100% continuance



Kern County Employees' Retirement Association

**SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE BENEFIT PAYMENT AMOUNTS BY YEAR OF RETIREMENT
AS OF FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30**

	Years of Retirement Service Credit						
	0-5	5-10	10-15	15-20	20-25	25-30	30+
<i>Fiscal Year 2007</i>							
Average Annual Benefit	\$ 10,268	\$ 15,324	\$ 20,732	\$ 31,146	\$ 40,491	\$ 51,546	\$ 70,895
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 856	\$ 1,277	\$ 1,728	\$ 2,595	\$ 3,374	\$ 4,295	\$ 5,908
Average Final Monthly Salary	\$ 5,411	\$ 4,506	\$ 4,639	\$ 4,718	\$ 4,706	\$ 4,829	\$ 5,592
Number of Active Retirants	16	34	40	49	44	65	53
<i>Fiscal Year 2008</i>							
Average Annual Benefit	\$ 11,706	\$ 10,905	\$ 18,743	\$ 27,064	\$ 45,415	\$ 58,275	\$ 80,057
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 976	\$ 909	\$ 1,562	\$ 2,255	\$ 3,785	\$ 4,856	\$ 6,671
Average Final Monthly Salary	\$ 4,379	\$ 3,494	\$ 4,126	\$ 4,143	\$ 5,317	\$ 5,577	\$ 6,298
Number of Active Retirants	14	24	46	37	35	34	41
<i>Fiscal Year 2009</i>							
Average Annual Benefit	\$ 11,268	\$ 12,518	\$ 22,901	\$ 29,561	\$ 50,660	\$ 61,343	\$ 91,167
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 939	\$ 1,043	\$ 1,908	\$ 2,463	\$ 4,222	\$ 5,112	\$ 7,597
Average Final Monthly Salary	\$ 8,621	\$ 4,246	\$ 5,213	\$ 4,676	\$ 6,251	\$ 6,044	\$ 7,324
Number of Active Retirants	15	35	54	46	36	68	93
<i>Fiscal Year 2010</i>							
Average Annual Benefit	\$ 27,532	\$ 17,454	\$ 19,573	\$ 35,192	\$ 43,631	\$ 63,723	\$ 90,019
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 2,294	\$ 1,454	\$ 1,631	\$ 2,933	\$ 3,636	\$ 5,310	\$ 7,502
Average Final Monthly Salary	\$ 5,987	\$ 5,609	\$ 4,530	\$ 5,639	\$ 5,477	\$ 6,511	\$ 7,460
Number of Active Retirants	33	33	69	39	60	77	49
<i>Fiscal Year 2011</i>							
Average Annual Benefit	\$ 14,723	\$ 12,996	\$ 23,295	\$ 35,443	\$ 43,133	\$ 60,433	\$ 84,216
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 1,227	\$ 1,083	\$ 1,941	\$ 2,954	\$ 3,594	\$ 5,036	\$ 7,018
Average Final Monthly Salary	\$ 5,304	\$ 5,031	\$ 5,440	\$ 5,739	\$ 5,465	\$ 6,082	\$ 7,089
Number of Active Retirants	13	50	76	55	96	95	100



Kern County Employees' Retirement Association

**SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE BENEFIT PAYMENT AMOUNTS BY YEAR OF RETIREMENT (cont.)
AS OF FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30**

	Years of Retirement Service Credit						
	0-5	5-10	10-15	15-20	20-25	25-30	30+
<i>Fiscal Year 2012</i>							
Average Annual Benefit	\$ 7,199	\$ 14,244	\$ 20,203	\$ 33,133	\$ 44,628	\$ 65,633	\$ 82,616
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 600	\$ 1,187	\$ 1,684	\$ 2,761	\$ 3,719	\$ 5,469	\$ 6,885
Average Final Monthly Salary	\$ 6,555	\$ 5,596	\$ 4,790	\$ 5,564	\$ 5,675	\$ 6,626	\$ 6,991
Number of Active Retirants	15	33	82	50	70	90	79
<i>Fiscal Year 2013</i>							
Average Annual Benefit	\$ 14,391	\$ 15,936	\$ 20,710	\$ 30,643	\$ 43,327	\$ 61,832	\$ 74,463
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 1,199	\$ 1,328	\$ 1,726	\$ 2,554	\$ 3,611	\$ 5,153	\$ 6,205
Average Final Monthly Salary	\$ 7,635	\$ 5,485	\$ 4,969	\$ 5,400	\$ 5,672	\$ 6,396	\$ 6,506
Number of Active Retirants	19	31	83	56	69	63	73
<i>Fiscal Year 2014</i>							
Average Annual Benefit	\$ 7,966	\$ 12,299	\$ 19,839	\$ 32,711	\$ 42,470	\$ 67,223	\$ 83,821
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 664	\$ 1,025	\$ 1,653	\$ 2,726	\$ 3,539	\$ 5,602	\$ 6,985
Average Final Monthly Salary	\$ 9,886	\$ 5,580	\$ 5,062	\$ 5,659	\$ 5,829	\$ 6,951	\$ 7,360
Number of Active Retirants	15	26	67	41	49	69	48
<i>Fiscal Year 2015</i>							
Average Annual Benefit	\$ 4,129	\$ 13,436	\$ 21,759	\$ 33,216	\$ 41,150	\$ 57,113	\$ 84,091
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 344	\$ 1,120	\$ 1,813	\$ 2,768	\$ 3,429	\$ 4,759	\$ 7,008
Average Final Monthly Salary	\$ 5,732	\$ 5,431	\$ 5,132	\$ 5,641	\$ 5,382	\$ 6,274	\$ 7,380
Number of Active Retirants	6	43	77	43	44	78	57
<i>Fiscal Year 2016</i>							
Average Annual Benefit	\$ 7,182	\$ 12,904	\$ 22,580	\$ 32,054	\$ 43,045	\$ 62,176	\$ 73,730
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 598	\$ 1,075	\$ 1,882	\$ 2,671	\$ 3,587	\$ 5,181	\$ 6,144
Average Final Monthly Salary	\$ 6,844	\$ 5,455	\$ 5,782	\$ 5,613	\$ 5,947	\$ 6,746	\$ 6,996
Number of Active Retirants	25	41	67	41	45	76	54



Kern County Employees' Retirement Association

**PARTICIPATING EMPLOYERS AND ACTIVE MEMBERS
LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS, AS OF JUNE 30**

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
<i>County of Kern:</i>					
General Members	6,537	6,348	6,254	5,920	5,622
Safety Members	<u>1,738</u>	<u>1,842</u>	<u>1,854</u>	<u>1,765</u>	<u>1,703</u>
Total	8,275	8,190	8,108	7,685	7,325
<i>Participating Agencies (General Membership):</i>					
Berrenda Mesa Water District	12	12	12	11	10
Buttonwillow Recreation and Park District	3	3	4	5	6
East Kern Cemetery District	1	1	1	1	1
Inyokern Community Services District	2	2	2	2	1
Kern County Water Agency	72	89	76	72	73
Kern Mosquito & Vector Control District	19	19	19	19	18
North of the River Sanitation District	9	10	9	10	10
San Joaquin Valley Unified Air Pollution Control District	272	280	291	292	287
Shafter Recreation and Park District	0	0	0	0	0
West Side Cemetery District	6	6	6	6	6
West Side Mosquito & Vector Control Dist.	8	9	8	8	8
West Side Recreation and Park District	11	11	12	12	10
Kern County Superior Court	-	<u>473</u>	<u>472</u>	<u>444</u>	<u>441</u>
Total	415	915	912	882	871
Total Active Membership:					
General Members	6,952	7,263	7,166	6,802	6,493
Safety Members	1,738	1,842	1,854	1,765	1,703
Total	8,690	9,105	9,020	8,567	8,196

Data retrieved from the Plan's database.



Kern County Employees' Retirement Association

**PARTICIPATING EMPLOYERS AND ACTIVE MEMBERS (cont.)
LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS, AS OF JUNE 30**

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
<i>County of Kern:</i>					
General Members	5,632	5,873	5,833	5,827	5,937
Safety Members	<u>1,762</u>	<u>1,873</u>	<u>1,886</u>	<u>1,847</u>	<u>1,840</u>
Total	7,394	7,746	7,719	7,674	7,777
<i>Participating Agencies (General Membership):</i>					
Berrenda Mesa Water District	10	10	10	9	6
Buttonwillow Recreation and Park District	6	6	4	4	4
East Kern Cemetery District	1	1	1	1	2
Inyokern Community Services District	1	1	1	1	1
Kern County Water Agency	71	65	68	67	62
Kern Mosquito & Vector Control District	19	18	18	18	18
North of the River Sanitation District	11	13	12	13	13
San Joaquin Valley Unified Air Pollution Control District	281	281	276	264	269
Shafter Recreation and Park District	0	0	0	0	0
West Side Cemetery District	6	6	6	6	6
West Side Mosquito & Vector Control Dist.	7	7	10	10	9
West Side Recreation and Park District	10	10	11	11	11
Kern County Superior Court	<u>443</u>	<u>353</u>	<u>389</u>	<u>414</u>	<u>457</u>
Total	866	771	806	818	858
Total Active Membership:					
General Members	6,498	6,644	6,639	6,645	6,795
Safety Members	1,762	1,873	1,886	1,847	1,840
Total	8,260	8,517	8,525	8,492	8,635





KCERA

PRUDENT INVESTMENT • QUALITY SERVICE

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